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## Executive Summary

The Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency (CARE) Act provides funding to States and other public or private nonprofit entities to develop, organize, coordinate, and operate health systems for the delivery of essential health care and support services to medically underserved individuals and families affected by HIV disease. Title III of the CARE Act authorizes the Early Intervention Services (EIS) Program, which funds comprehensive primary health care services for individuals living with HIV disease. The Title III EIS program administers grants to provider organizations in communities across the United States.

As of January 2003, there were 337 Title III EIS funded programs. The data contained in this report was provided by 248 of the 310 Title III EIS programs funded in 2001. The 62 grantees not included in this report are 58 newly funded programs with less than three months of data to report, and four grantees with missing or incomplete data. Reporting Title III EIS grantees provided early intervention services in 45 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Slightly more than one-third of reporting grantees were publicly-funded community health centers; slightly less than one-third were hospitals or university-based programs. The remaining one-third were community-based organizations, health departments, substance abuse treatment centers, and other facilities. Nearly three-quarters of grantees reported targeting services to injection drug users and women and children for Title III EIS services in 2001.

Nearly 158,000 HIV-positive individuals received primary care services provided by reporting Title III EIS grantees in 2001. Slightly more than one-quarter of all patients served were new patients in 2001. Seventy percent of all patients were males, and two-thirds of all patients were racial/ethnic minorities. African Americans, not of Hispanic heritage, comprised nearly half of patients receiving Title III EIS services; one-third were White, non-Hispanic; one-fifth were Hispanic. The vast majority of patients served were between ages 30 and 49. Close to half of male patients served reported having been exposed to HIV through sex with other men, one in five males reported HIV exposure through heterosexual contact and one in six reported being exposed through injection drug use. Among females, two-thirds reported exposure to HIV through heterosexual contact and one-fifth through injection drug use.

In addition to HIV-related primary care services, Title III EIS grantees continued to provide a wide array of subspecialty medical care in 2001. More than half of reporting grantees provided nutritional counseling, mental health services, obstetrics/ gynecology services, oral health care, substance abuse counseling and treatment, on-site dispensing of pharmaceuticals, optometry/ophthalmology services, and dermatology services as part of the clinical services offered in their Title III EIS program. Ninety-four percent of Title III EIS grantees reported that they provided on-site counseling and testing services in 2001. Additionally, a variety of social support services were available through the Title III EIS Program or referral.

The five most common support services Title III EIS grantees made available to their clients through a variety of funding sources were assistance in obtaining HIV-related medications, transportation, housing assistance, support groups, and food bank/home-delivered meals.

The cost of providing primary health care services to HIV-positive patients for reporting Title III EIS programs in 2001 was greater than \$455 million. The total cost of all other services provided by Title III EIS grantees in 2001 was nearly \$88 million. Title III EIS funds covered slightly less than one-quarter of the cost of providing primary health care and one-fifth of the cost of all other services.



# Introduction

## CARE Act Overview

The Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency (CARE) Act of 1990 (Public Law 101-381), as reauthorized in 2000, provides funding to States and other public or private nonprofit entities to develop, organize, coordinate, and operate health systems for the delivery of essential health care and support services to medically underserved individuals and families affected by HIV disease.

The CARE Act includes the following major components:

- Title I: funding to eligible metropolitan areas (EMAs) hardest hit by the HIV/AIDS epidemic;
- Title II: formula funding to States and territories to improve the quality, availability, and organization of health care and support services for people living with HIV disease;
- Title III: funding to public and private nonprofit organizations for outpatient HIV early intervention services (EIS), and for early intervention services planning, and capacity building;
- Title IV: funding to public and private nonprofit organizations for the coordination of services and enhanced access to research by women, children, adolescents, and families infected or affected by HIV disease; and
- Part F: funding for the Special Projects of National Significance (SPNS) research and demonstration programs; the Dental Reimbursement Program; and AIDS Education and Training Centers (AETCs).

Administered by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA), HIV/AIDS Bureau (HAB), all CARE Act programs are managed within the context of four major characteristics of the Nation's health care system. These observations include the following:

- The HIV/AIDS epidemic is growing among traditionally underserved and hard-to-reach populations;
- The quality of emerging HIV/AIDS therapies can make a difference to the lives of people living with HIV disease;
- Changes in the economics of health care are affecting the HIV/AIDS care network; and
- Outcomes are a critical component of program performance.

## Title III Early Intervention Services Program

Title III of the CARE Act supports comprehensive primary health care and other services for individuals who have been diagnosed with HIV disease and who might otherwise not obtain the HIV care that they so desperately need. HIV early

intervention services/primary care provided in an outpatient setting helps to ensure a continuum of care that includes: 1) identifying persons at risk for HIV infection and offering them counseling, testing, and referral services; and 2) providing lifelong comprehensive primary care for those living with HIV/AIDS.

All Title III EIS programs are expected to provide the following five categories of services, either on-site or through formal arrangements with other providers:

- HIV counseling, testing, and referrals;
- Counseling and education on living with HIV disease, including availability and use of treatment therapies;
- Appropriate medical evaluation and clinical care, such as CD4<sup>+</sup> T-cell monitoring, viral load testing, antiretroviral therapy, prophylaxis and treatment of opportunistic infections, malignancies, and other related conditions;
- Oral health care, outpatient mental health care, outpatient substance abuse treatment, nutritional services, and specialty medical care either directly or through a formal referral mechanism; and
- Appropriate referrals for other health services.

All grantees must use at least 50 percent of their Title III EIS funding for the provision of HIV-related primary care. Most grantees use much more than 50 percent of their Title III EIS funds for primary care services.

### **Data Collection Process**

Title III EIS grantees are expected to have mechanisms in place to collect and analyze data for reporting and to guide program management. Grantees are required to submit an annual data report to HAB by March of each year. Newly funded grantees are required to collect data starting the first January after their initial award and submit data the following year.

Information submitted by Title III EIS grantees in their annual aggregate program data reports currently includes the following:

- Contact information;
- Program and organizational information (e.g., type of organization, populations targeted by program/organization);
- Number of clients served and client demographics;
- Services information (e.g., number of clients receiving services by type of service);
- Fiscal information.

Grantees have the option of reporting their data in one of three ways: on paper forms, on a computer diskette, or via Web-based data entry.

HAB has developed a new CARE Act Data Report (CADR) for all CARE Act Titles/Programs. This new reporting system integrates the individual aggregate data report formats that have historically been completed separately by Titles I, II, III, and IV grantees into one annual aggregate reporting form. Grantees have begun using this new CARE Act Data Report to collect information for their calendar year 2002 data report. Grantees will submit data using the new CARE Act Data Report in 2003. *CAREWare*, a free software package, is available on the HAB Web-site (<http://hab.hrsa.gov>) to assist grantees in collecting client-level data and generating the annual CADR.

## **Data Characteristics and Definitions**

Readers of this report should interpret the data with the following three items in mind: 1) Title III EIS grantee structure and efforts to obtain unduplicated data at the grantee level; 2) differences in classification of those receiving a service depending on the nature of the service; and 3) reporting scope for services.

### ***Title III EIS Grantee Structure and Efforts to Obtain Unduplicated Data***

Most Title III EIS grantees subcontract with other organizations to provide a full range of services; these organizations are considered to be part of their Title III EIS program. Title III EIS programs may also make referrals to organizations outside of their programs. Title III EIS programs do not have contractual relationships with these referral organizations. Therefore, patients are often seen at multiple sites within a given Title III EIS program and/or its referral agencies. As a result, when the individual Title III EIS grantee (also known as the grantee of record) submits its annual, aggregate program data report, that grantee is required to ensure that their data is aggregated only after steps have been taken to make certain that their patient count across all sites accounts for each individual patient only once. When this process is completed properly, regardless of how many times and at how many different sites their patients were seen, the result is an **unduplicated** client or patient count. This report presumes that all client and patient counts contained herein are unduplicated.

### ***Classification Differences for Persons Receiving Services***

The Program Data Report makes a distinction between persons served depending on the type of services received. Persons served can either be “patients”, “clients”, or “individuals”.

- A “patient” is an HIV -positive person who receives at least one primary health care service during the reporting period;
- A “client” is someone who is HIV -infected or affected and receives case management and eligibility assistance
- An “individual” is someone who receives counseling, testing, and/or outreach services.

All primary care, referral, and demographic data presented in this report are based on patients. A total unduplicated count of patients who received primary care is referred to as “all” patients. A patient who received primary health care services for the first time at the reporting agency is referred to as a **new** patient. Therefore, **new** patients are a subset of *all* patients.

### ***Reporting Scope***

Grantees are expected to report on all HIV-infected persons who received services eligible for Title III EIS funding, regardless of actual funding source used to pay for these services. Reporting services in this broad manner provides a comprehensive picture of the services being delivered to HIV-positive individuals by Title III-funded providers.

### **Report Contents**

This report was prepared using data provided in the Ryan White CARE Act Title III EIS Program Data Reports submitted by 248 Title III EIS grantees for 2001. The narrative portion of this report is intended to highlight important points found in the data and includes descriptive information about: 1) grantee characteristics; 2) patient characteristics; 3) service characteristics; and, 4) fiscal information. Detailed appendices follow the report narrative.

## 2001 Program Data Report

A total of 310 grantees received Title III Early Intervention Services (EIS) funding in 2001. Fifty-eight grantees were new in 2001 and, therefore, not required to submit program data for this cycle. Of the remaining 252 grantees required to submit program data, 248 were compliant. The four grantees that did not submit data in 2001 are listed in Appendix E. While verification was completed for most data reported by the 248 grantees, some data elements were not completed by all grantees. The degree of missing or incomplete data is noted throughout the report.

### Grantee Characteristics

The 248 reporting Title III EIS grantees provided services to people living with HIV in 45 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. Only five States—New Hampshire, North Dakota, South Dakota, West Virginia, and Wyoming—do not have Title III EIS-funded providers in their State. (As of September of 2002, there are Title III EIS programs in New Hampshire, South Dakota, and West Virginia). Grantees are diverse in terms of organization type, geographic characteristics, and special subpopulations they target for services. Detailed tables displaying data on grantee characteristics are included in Appendix A.

### Organization Type

As shown in Table 1, 36 percent of reporting grantees were publicly funded community health centers. Twenty-eight percent of grantee organizations serving HIV-positive clients in 2001 were hospitals or university based programs, 20 percent were community-based organizations, and 15 percent were health departments. Substance abuse treatment centers and other facilities comprised the remaining two percent of reporting Title III EIS grantee organizations. Data on grantee organization type by State are presented in Appendix A, Table A-2.

**Table 1. Types of Title III EIS Grantee Organizations Providing Services to Clients in 2001 (N=248)**

Type of Organization	Number	Percent*
Publicly-funded Community Health Centers	89	36%
University or Hospital Based Programs	69	28%
Community Based Organizations	50	20%
Health Departments	36	15%
Substance Abuse Treatment Centers	2	1%
Other Facilities	2	1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>100%</b>

\*Percents may not sum to 100 due to rounding.

### ***Geographic Characteristics***

Fifty-three percent of grantees reporting in 2001 were located in Ryan White CARE Act Title I-defined eligible metropolitan areas (EMAs); 45 percent were located in non-eligible metropolitan areas (Appendix A, Table A-3).

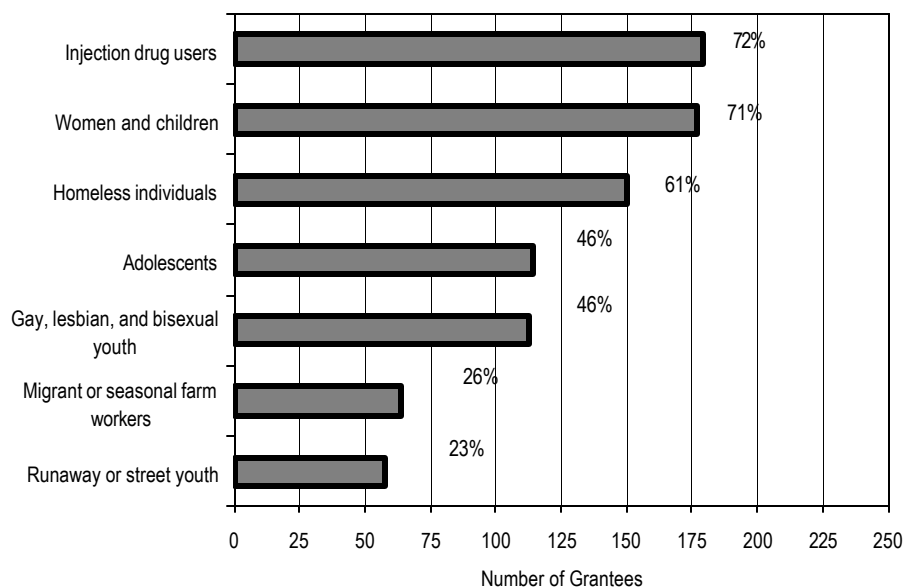
Twenty-two percent of grantees were located in Public Health Service Region 2, which encompasses the northeastern United States (including New York). An additional 22 percent of grantees were in Public Health Service Region 4, located in the southeastern United States. Thirteen percent of grantees were located in Public Health Service Region 9, located in the southwestern United States. See Appendix A, Table A-1 for the number and percent distribution of grantees for each Public Health Service Region.

### ***Special Subpopulations Targeted for Services***

Title III EIS programs serve persons from all population groups. Depending on the needs of the communities they serve, Title III EIS grantees may target services to specific subpopulations that they have identified as most in need of HIV -related care.

As shown in Figure 1, 72 percent (n=179) of grantees reported targeting Title III EIS services to injection drug users in 2001, and 71 percent (n=177) of grantees targeted women and children. Other targeted subpopulations include homeless individuals (150 grantees or 61 percent); adolescents (114 grantees or 46 percent); gay, lesbian, and bisexual youth (113 grantees or 46 percent); migrant or seasonal farm workers (64 grantees or 26 percent), and; runaway or street youth (58 grantees or 23 percent).

**Figure 1. Number and Percent of Title III EIS Grantees Targeting Special Populations in 2001 (N=248)**



## Patient Characteristics

In 2001, reporting grantees provided a total of 157,803 unduplicated HIV-positive patients with primary health care services through Title III EIS programs. Of these patients, 35,592 (23 percent) were **new** patients in 2001. As seen in Table 2, the total number of unduplicated HIV-positive patients increased by 45 percent and the number of **new** patients increased by 32 percent between 1999 and 2001. Detailed tables displaying all data on patient characteristics are included in Appendix B.

**Table 2. Number of Title III EIS Patients Receiving Primary Health Care, 1999 - 2001**

	Number of Patients Served			Change	Percent	Change	Percent
	1999 (N=173)	2000 (N=198)	2001 (N=248)	from 2000 to 2001	Change	from 1999 to 2001	Change
<b>Total Patients</b>	108,945	129,675	157,803	+28,128	+22%	+48,858	+45%
<b>New Patients</b>	26,991	30,169	35,592	+5,423	+18%	+8,601	+32%

### ***Patient Demographics: Gender, Age, and Race/Ethnicity***

Demographic profile data are requested for all patients receiving primary health care services. However, demographic data are not always available for all primary health care patients. This results in a discrepancy between the number of patients grantees report having served during the reporting period and the number for whom demographic data is reported. Title III EIS grantees reported gender information for 99 percent of all patients who received primary health care services through Title III EIS funded programs in 2001. Race/ethnicity and age data were reported for 97 percent of all patients served in 2001.

#### Gender

Seventy-one percent of clients receiving primary health care services from reporting Title III EIS grantees in 2001 were males (Table 3). The proportion of males to females served by Title III EIS grantees has remained steady over time, however the total number of patients served has increased dramatically. Between 1998 and 2001, the number of male patients served by Title III EIS programs increased 46 percent, from 75,192 in 1998 to 109,883 in 2001. The total number of female patients increased 51 percent, from 30,150 to 45,613 females served during the same time period. There was a 24 percent increase in the number of females served from 2000 to 2001, and a 21 percent increase in the number of males served during this same time period. (See Appendix B, Table B-4).

**Table 3. Characteristics of Clients Served by Title III EIS Grantees, 2001**

<b>Demographic Characteristics</b>	<b>Number*</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<b>Gender</b>		
Male	109,883	71%
Female	45,613	29%
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>		
African American (not Hispanic)	72,684	47%
White (not Hispanic)	48,383	32%
Hispanic	30,306	20%
Asian	1,134	1%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	104	**
Native American/Alaskan Native	713	**
<b>Age</b>		
0-12 years	1,678	1%
13-19 years	1,227	1%
20-29 years	19,050	12%
30-39 years	58,039	38%
40-49 years	53,239	35%
50 years of more	20,616	13%

\* Clients with unknown or missing data are excluded from this table; therefore, the sum of each characteristic may be less than the total number of clients served.

\*\* Less than 1 percent.

Of the 35,207 **new** patients for whom gender information was reported in 2001, 70 percent (n = 24,644) were males. There was a 33 percent increase in the total number of **new** male patients from 1998 to 2001. Most of the increase is seen in 2000 and 2001, where the number of male patients served increased by 18 percent between 2000 and 2001, and 11 percent between 1999 and 2000. Prior to 2000, the percent increase of male patients served was only 1 percent between 1998 and 1999. The total number of **new** female patients increased by 21 percent from 8,706 in 2000 to 10,563 in 2001. This represents an enormous departure from previous years, where annual percent increases ranged between six and eight percent (from 7,595 in 1998 to 8,211 in 1999, an increase of eight percent, and from 8,211 in 1999 to 8,706 in 2000, an increase of six percent). Over the four-year period, the number of **new** female patients served increased by 39 percent between 1998 and 2001. (See Appendix B, Table B-4).

### Age

As seen in Table 4, a vast majority of patients served by reporting Title III EIS grantees in 2001 (n=111,278, or 73 percent) were between 30 and 49 years of age. Thirteen percent (n=20,616) of all patients served were 50 years of age or older; 12 percent were between ages 20 and 29 (n=19,050), the majority of whom (n=13,168, or 70 percent) were between ages 25 and 29. Two percent (n=2905) of all patients were under age 20. Age distribution among the **new** patient population differs



slightly from the total patient population. Patients between ages 30 and 49 comprise a slightly smaller majority of **new** patients (n=24,461, or 69 percent). Sixteen percent (n=5,560) of **new** patients were between ages 20 and 29, 65 percent (n=3,640) of whom were between ages 25 and 29. Eleven percent (n=3,902) of new patients were age 50 and older, and three percent (n=874) were under age 20. (See Appendix B, Tables B-4a through B-4f).

### Race/Ethnicity

As seen in Table 5, people of color accounted for 68 percent (n=104,941) of all patients served by Title III EIS programs in 2001. Forty-seven percent (n=72,684) of all patients for whom demographic information was reported to Title III EIS programs in 2001 were Black (not Hispanic). White (not Hispanic) patients accounted for 31 percent (n=48,383) of the total patients served and Hispanics made up 19 percent (n=30,306) of the total patient population served in 2001. Asian patients accounted for 1 percent (n=1,134) of patients served in 2001, while Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, and Native American/Alaskan Native each accounted for less than one percent (n=104 and 713, respectively) of the total patient population in 2001.

Black (not Hispanic) males comprised 41 percent (n=45,051) of the total male patient population served by reporting Title III EIS grantees in 2001 (see Table 4 below). Thirty-six percent (n=39,934) of male patients served were White (not Hispanic), and 20 percent (n=21,776) were Hispanic. Native American/Alaskan Natives comprised one percent (n=553) of male patients served in 2001, and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islanders comprised less than one percent (n=84) of all male patients. Sixty-one percent (n=27,633) of all females receiving services from reporting Title III EIS programs were Black (not Hispanic) patients. Nineteen percent (n=8,449) of females served were White (not Hispanic), and another 19 percent (n=8,530) were Hispanic. Among female patients, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islanders and Native American/Alaskan Natives comprised less than one percent each (n=20 and n=160, respectively) of all female patients.

**Table 4. Race/Ethnicity of Title III EIS Patients by Gender in 2001**

Race/Ethnicity	Male		Female		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Black (not Hispanic)	45,051	41%	27,633	61%	72,684	47%
White (not Hispanic)	39,934	36%	8,449	19%	48,383	31%
Hispanic	21,776	20%	8,530	19%	30,306	19%
Asian	867	1%	267	1%	1,134	1%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	84	*	20	*	104	*
Native American/Alaskan Native	553	1%	160	*	713	*
Unknown/Unreported	1,618	1%	554	1%	2,172	1%
<b>Total**</b>	109,883	100%	45,613	100%	155,496	100%

\* Less than 1 percent

\*\* Total represents patients for whom gender information was known

Of the **new** patients served by Title III EIS programs in 2001, 47 percent (n=16,905) were Black (not Hispanic), 28 percent (n=9,915) were White (not Hispanic), and 18 percent (n=7,047) were Hispanic. Asian patients accounted for one percent (n=262) of **new** patients served; Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander patients and Native American/Alaskan Natives comprised less than one percent (n=37 and n=161, respectively) each of the **new** patient population in 2001. (See Appendix B, Table B-4).

Over the four-year period between 1998 and 2001, substantial increases were noted in the number of patients served by race/ethnicity category. As seen in Table 5, the number of Black (not Hispanic) patients receiving Title III EIS services increased by 57 percent from 46,353 in 1998 to 72,684 in 2001. There was a 54 percent increase in the number of White (not Hispanic) patients served (from 31,321 to 48,383) and the number of Hispanic patients rose 22 percent (from 24,780 to 30,306) over the four-year period. The number of Native American/Alaskan Native patients rose from 470 in 1998 to 713 in 2001, a 51 percent increase. Data for Asian and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander patients is available only for the two most recent reporting years. The number of Asian patients served increased 26 percent between 2000 and 2001, and the number of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islanders served decreased by 18 percent.

**Table 5. Number of Title III EIS Patients Served by Race/Ethnicity, 1998 – 2001**

	1998	1999	2000	2001	Percent Change 1998 to 2001*
Black (not Hispanic)	46,353	47,067	56,024	72,684	+57%
White (not Hispanic)	31,321	34,034	41,284	48,383	+54%
Hispanic	24,780	25,099	26,450	30,306	+22%
Asian	*	*	903	1,134	+26%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	*	*	127	104	-18%
Native American/Alaskan Native	470	497	600	713	+51%

\* Prior to 2000, race/ethnicity categories for Asian and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander were combined. Therefore, percent change for these categories is from 2000 to 2001 only.

### ***HIV Exposure Profile***

The most commonly reported HIV exposure category for males continues to be *men who have sex with men* (MSM). In 2001, Title III EIS grantees reported that 47 percent (n=51,074) of all male patients were exposed to HIV through sex with other men and 42 percent (n=10,429) of **new** male patients fell into this category (see Table 7). The second most common reported modes of transmission for all males reported by Title III EIS grantees was *heterosexual transmission*, with *injection drug use* (IDU) a close third; 20 percent of all male patients and 23 percent of **new** male patients were exposed to HIV through heterosexual contact (n=21,726 and n=5,521 respectively) and 16 percent of all male patients, 15 percent of **new** male patients through IDU (n=17,722 and n=3,592 respectively). (See Appendix B, Tables B-6a and B-6b).

The Title III EIS exposure data for 2001 shows that 66 percent of all and **new** female patients were exposed to HIV through heterosexual contact (n=29,859 and n=7,015 respectively) (see Table 6). The second most common form of exposure to HIV for female patients was IDU, which was attributed as the HIV exposure source for 20 percent (n=9,217) of all female patients and 17 percent (n=1,753) of **new** female patients. (See Appendix B, Tables B-7a and B-7b).

Exposure to HIV through perinatal transmission remains infrequent among Title III EIS patients. For 2001, Title III EIS grantees reported that 1 percent (n=1,889) of their patients became infected through perinatal transmission. The proportion of Title III EIS patients infected through perinatal transmission is similar to those reported in the previous 2 years.

**Table 6. HIV Exposure Categories by Gender for Total and New Title III EIS Patients in 2001**

Exposure Category	Males				Females			
	All Patients		New Patients		All Patients		New Patients	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Men who have sex with men	51,074	47%	10,429	42%	--	n/a	--	n/a
Injection drug use	17,722	16%	3,592	15%	9,217	20%	1,753	17%
Men who have sex with men and injection drug use	5,306	5%	1,019	4%	--	n/a	--	n/a
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	503	*	54	*	159	*	36	*
Heterosexual contact	21,726	20%	5,521	23%	29,859	66%	7,015	66%
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	882	1%	211	1%	1,007	2%	262	3%
Receipt of blood transfusion/ blood components/tissue	749	1%	138	1%	576	1%	125	1%
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	11,861	11%	3,620	15%	4,795	11%	1,372	13%
<b>Totals</b>	<b>109,823</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>24,584</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>45,613</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>10,563</b>	<b>100%</b>

\* Less than 1 percent

#### Exposure Category by Gender and Race/Ethnicity

Sixty three percent (n=25,295) of White (not Hispanic) males reported having been exposed to HIV through sex with other men (see Table 7 below). In contrast, 35 percent (n=15,731) of Black (not Hispanic) males, 40 percent (n=8,772) of Hispanic males, and 46 percent (n=401) of Asian males reported HIV exposure through sex with other men. Fifty-three percent each of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander and Native American/Alaskan Native males (n=45 and n=295 respectively) reported sex with other men as their exposure to HIV. Twenty-eight percent (n=12,582) of Black (not Hispanic), 26 percent (n=224) of Asian, 24 percent (n=5,138) of Hispanic, and

23 percent (n=19) Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander males reported exposure to HIV through heterosexual contact, compared with 9 percent (n=3,429) of White (not Hispanic) and 13 percent (n=74) of Native American/Alaskan Native males. This discrepancy may be attributable to cultural differences in acceptance (and therefore, reporting) of homosexual activity. Exposure through injection drug use was highest among Hispanic and Black (not Hispanic) males, accounting for 21 percent (n=4,592) and 20 percent (n=8,900) of exposures respectively. Injection drug use was reported as the HIV exposure category for 12 percent (n=67) of Native American/Alaskan Native, 10 percent (n=3,935) of White, seven percent (n=62) of Asian, and two percent (n=2) of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander males. MSM and IDU accounted for 12 percent (n=65) of HIV exposures among Native American/Alaskan Natives, 6 percent of exposures for White (not Hispanic) and Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islanders (n=2,542 and n=5, respectively), and 4 percent of exposures for Black (not Hispanic) (n=1,762), Hispanic (n=831) and Asian (n=38) male patients in 2001. Hemophilia or coagulation disorder, perinatal, and blood transfusion/components/tissue each accounted for two percent or less of exposures for males in all racial/ethnic groups. Appendix B, Tables B-6 through B-8b provide more information on identified exposure categories for patients served by Title III EIS grantees in 2001.

**Table 7. HIV Exposure Categories by Race/Ethnicity Categories for Male Patients, 2001**

Exposure Category	Black (not Hispanic)	White (not Hispanic)	Hispanic	Asian	Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander	Native American/ Alaskan Native	Total
Men who have sex with men	35%	63%	40%	46%	53%	53%	47%
Injection drug use	20%	10%	21%	7%	2%	12%	16%
Men who have sex with men and injection drug use	4%	6%	4%	4%	6%	12%	5%
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	*	1%	*	1%	1%	*	*
Heterosexual contact	28%	9%	24%	26%	23%	13%	20%
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	1%	*	1%	*	*	*	1%
Receipt of blood transfusion/components/tissue	*	1%	*	2%	1%	2%	*
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	11%	10%	10%	13%	13%	7%	11%
Totals	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

\* Less than 1 percent.

Exposure through heterosexual contact was the predominant mode of transmission for female Title III EIS patients across all racial/ethnic groups in 2001, accounting for more than 60 percent of HIV infections for females in all racial/ethnic groups (see Table 8). Of all females receiving services, 80 percent of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander (n=16), 79 percent of Asian (n=212), 69 percent of Hispanic (n=5,907), 66 percent of Black (not Hispanic) (n=18,219) and 61 percent of White (not Hispanic) (n=5,126) females were reported in this exposure category (see Appendix B, Table B-7b). IDU was identified as the exposure category for 26 percent (n=2,158) of

White (not Hispanic), 22 percent (n=35) of Native American/Alaskan Native, 20 percent (n=5,425) of Black (not Hispanic), 18 percent (n=1,498) of Hispanic, 10 percent (n=2) of Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, and 5 percent (n=14) of Asian females.

**Table 8. HIV Exposure Categories by Race/Ethnicity Categories for Female Patients, 2001**

Exposure Category	Black (not Hispanic)	White (not Hispanic)	Hispanic	Asian	Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander	Native American/ Alaskan Native	Total
Injection drug use	20%	26%	18%	5%	10%	22%	20%
Heterosexual contact	66%	61%	69%	79%	80%	64%	66%
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	2%	2%	3%	2%	*	*	2%
Receipt of blood transfusion/components/tissue	1%	1%	1%	3%	5%	1%	1%
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	11%	10%	9%	11%	5%	13%	11%
Totals	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

\* Less than 1 percent.

Note: Less than one percent of females in all age categories reported hemophilia or coagulation disorder as exposure category

### ***Tuberculosis Diagnosis***

Title III EIS grantees routinely test primary health care patients for tuberculosis (TB). If TB is present, then patients are classified based on whether the TB is active or newly active. “Active TB” includes diagnosed pulmonary or extra-pulmonary tuberculosis and excludes patients with a positive tuberculin skin test but no evidence of disease. “Newly active TB” is tuberculosis that has become present either as a relapse case or a reactivated case during the reporting period. Title III EIS grantees also report whether or not a diagnosis of multi-drug resistant tuberculosis (MDR-TB) was made (definitively or presumptively), and whether or not TB prophylaxis (preventive therapy) was clinically indicated (Appendix B, Table B-13).

Title III EIS grantees reported that less than one percent of the total number of unduplicated HIV-positive patients in primary health care had active TB (n=893 or 0.6 percent), half (n=445) of whom were newly active cases in 2001 (See Table 9). Thirty-three (3.7 percent) of the patients diagnosed with active TB were definitively or presumptively diagnosed with MDR-TB. In 2001, TB prophylaxis was clinically indicated for one percent (n=1,873) of all Title III EIS patients.

**Table 9. Tuberculosis Diagnoses Among Title III EIS Patients, 2001**

<b>Title III EIS Patients</b>	<b>Number of Patients (Percent of All Patients)</b>	
Total Title III EIS Patients	157,803	(100.0%)
HIV+ Patients for Whom TB Prophylaxis was Clinically Indicated	1,873	(1.2%)
HIV+ Patients with Active TB Diagnosis	893	(0.6%)
HIV+ Patients with Newly Active TB	445	(49.8% of patients with active TB)
HIV+ Patients with Active and MDR*-TB	33	(3.7% of patients with active TB)

\* Multi-drug resistant tuberculosis

### ***Pregnant Women***

During the 2001 reporting period, 1,923 HIV-positive pregnant women (four percent of all women served) received primary care services from Title III EIS grantees. This represents an increase of 24 percent from the 1,549 HIV-positive pregnant women served in 2000. Twelve percent (n=226) of the pregnant HIV-positive women were referred to clinical trials by Title III EIS grantees in 2001. Since 1998, referrals to clinical trials have dropped sharply from a high of 31 percent in 1998, to 18 percent in 1999, 17 percent in 2000, and 12 percent in 2001. Detailed information about HIV-positive pregnant women by State can be found in Appendix B, Table B-12.

### ***Disease Status of New Patients at Intake***

The Title III EIS Program Data Report requests that grantees report Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) stage of HIV classifications for **new** adults and adolescents and **new** infants and children who receive primary health care services. Each patient's classification is to be determined by a clinician who describes the patient's stage of HIV disease. Information on these CDC classifications is reported when available. However, it can be reported as unknown or left as missing when the data are not known. Therefore, the number of **new** patients reported in the CDC classifications may not be equal to the number of **new** patients reported by grantees.

### **Adults and Adolescents**

"Adults and adolescents" include patients aged 13 years or older. The CDC has defined three basic HIV disease stage classifications for adults and adolescents based on CD4<sup>+</sup> T-cell counts: greater than or equal to 500/ $\mu$ L, between 200-499/ $\mu$ L, and less than 200/ $\mu$ L. Lower CD4<sup>+</sup> counts indicate latter stages of HIV disease. These classifications are further divided into three symptom categories: asymptomatic HIV infection, symptomatic conditions, or AIDS indicator conditions.

In 2001, Title III EIS grantees reported CDC classification data for 30,872 **new** adult and adolescent patients. Thirty-percent of **new** patients (n=9,301) were classified in the category greater than or equal to 500/ $\mu$ L; 35 percent (n=10,887) were classified with a CD4<sup>+</sup> count in the 200-to-499/ $\mu$ L category; and 35 percent (n=10,684) were classified with a CD4<sup>+</sup> count of less than 200/ $\mu$ L. Seventy-three percent (n=6,810) of adult patients with CD4<sup>+</sup> counts greater than or equal to 500/ $\mu$ L and 58 percent (n=6,330) of patients with CD4<sup>+</sup> counts between 200 and 499/ $\mu$ L exhibited no symptoms at intake. In contrast, 74 percent (n=7,953) of patients with CD4<sup>+</sup> counts below 200/ $\mu$ L were either symptomatic or had AIDS indicator conditions at intake. See Appendix B, Tables B-2a, B-2c, and B-9a for more detailed information about disease status for adults and adolescents.

### Infants and Children

“Infants and children” include patients below the age of 13 years. The CDC has defined three basic classifications for infants and children based on level of immune system suppression: no evidence of suppression, moderate level of suppression, and severe evidence of suppression. Greater levels of suppression are indicative of weaker immune systems. These classifications are further divided into four symptom categories: no signs or symptoms, mild signs or symptoms, moderate signs or symptoms, and severe signs or symptoms.

In 2001, Title III EIS grantees reported CDC classification information for 214 **new** infants and children. Of these infants and children, 52 percent (n=122) had no evidence of suppression, and of these, 71 percent (n=87) had no symptoms. Of the 21 percent (n=45) of infants with moderate suppression, less than half (40 percent, n=18) had moderate or severe symptoms, and of the 22 percent (n=47) of infants and children with severe suppression, 81 percent (n=38) had moderate or severe symptoms. This distribution of pediatric patients in the symptom categories within the suppression classifications is presented in Appendix B, Tables B-2b, B-2c, and B-9b.

### ***Income and Payment Information***

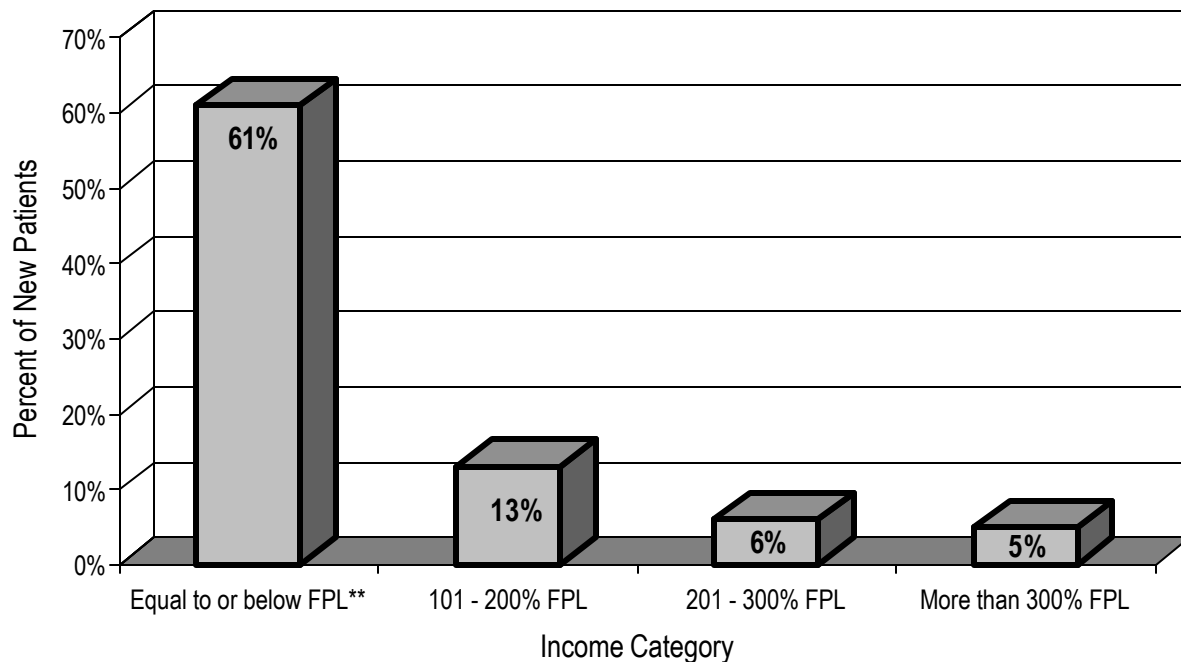
The Title III EIS Program Data Report requests household income and payment source information for **new** primary health care patients when they first entered the EIS program. Patients can only be classified into one income category. However, patients can be classified into more than one payment source category, depending on the number of payers the patient uses. Title III EIS grantees report income and payment information only for the **new** patients served and the services they receive within the Title III EIS program during the reporting period. Therefore, the information presented here is assumed to reflect the financial and insurance status of **new** patients when they first entered the Title III EIS program.

### Income

Household income information was reported for 85 percent (n = 30,287) of the total **new** patients for whom data were reported in 2001. Of these patients, nearly three-

quarters (72 percent, or n=21,695) reported household incomes equal to or below the Federal Poverty Level (\$17,650 for a family of four within the 48 contiguous United States in 2001). See Figure 2 and Appendix B, Table B-1.

**Figure 2. Percentage Distribution of New Title III EIS Patients by Income Category, 2001 (N=30,287)\***



\* Income data missing for 5,305 new HIV+ patients

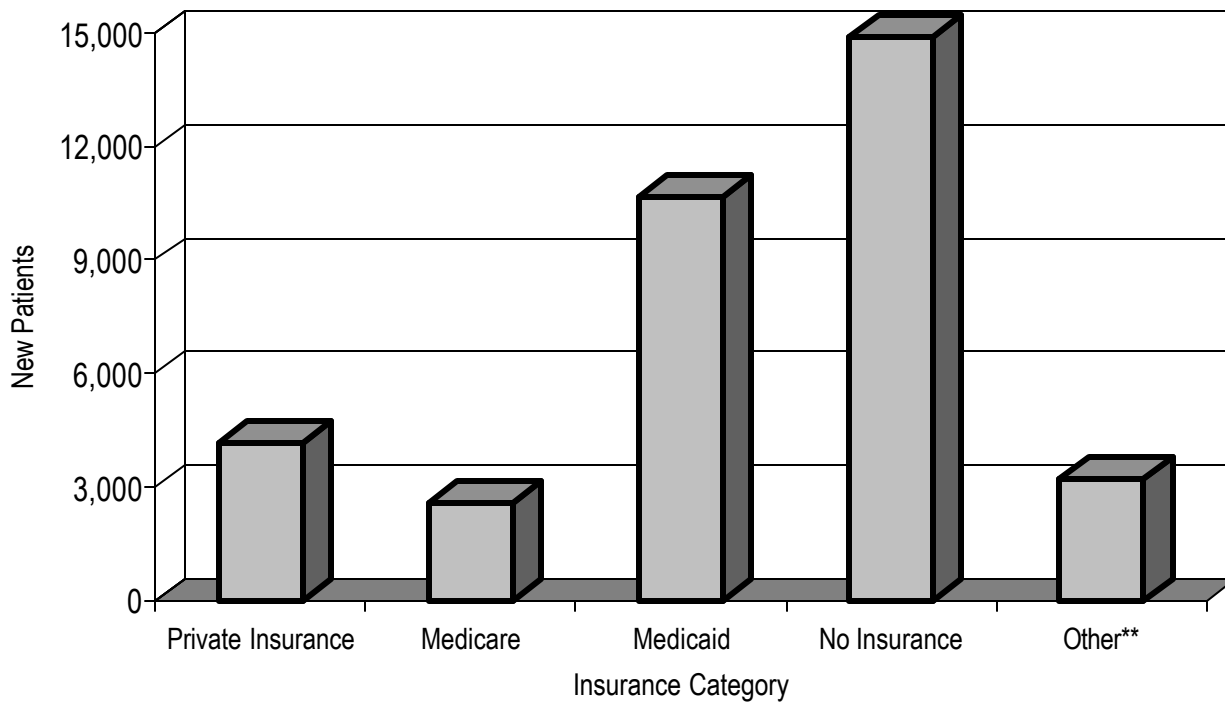
\*\* Federal poverty level is \$17,650 for a family of four in 2001

### Payment

The vast majority of **new** patients served by Title III EIS programs in 2001, were either uninsured or were enrolled in a public health insurance program. Of the **new** patients for whom payment source information was reported, 42 percent (n=14,866) reported having no insurance of any type, 30 percent (n=10,642) reported having Medicaid, and 7 percent (n=2,556) had Medicare insurance coverage (see Figure 3). An additional nine percent (n=3,207) reported having other payment sources, which includes other public insurance programs such as the Veterans Administration, TriCare/CHAMPUS, health care programs for incarcerated individuals, and other State and federally administered programs. Only 12 percent (n=4,159) of Title III EIS patients reported having private insurance coverage. The total of these percentages may exceed 100 percent because patients can have more than one payment source. See Appendix B, Table B-2.



**Figure 3. Distribution of New Title III EIS Patients by Type of Insurance, 2001**



\* The Title III Program Data Report requests source of payment information for NEW primary health care patients only.

\*\* Includes TriCare/CHAMPUS, Veterans Administration, health care programs for incarcerated individuals, and other public programs

## **Service Characteristics**

Title III EIS grantees are expected to offer a comprehensive continuum of outpatient/ambulatory HIV care including primary medical care, and when applicable, prenatal care. All Title III EIS programs are expected to provide the following services, either on-site or by referral to a facility with which the Title III EIS program has a formal arrangement:

- HIV counseling, testing, and referrals;
- Counseling and education on living with HIV disease, including availability and use of treatment therapies;
- Appropriate medical evaluation and clinical care, such as CD4<sup>+</sup> monitoring, viral load testing, antiretroviral therapy, prophylaxis and treatment of opportunistic infections, malignancies, and other related conditions;
- Oral health care, outpatient mental health care, outpatient substance abuse treatment, nutritional services, and specialty medical care either directly or through a formal referral mechanism; and
- Appropriate referrals for other health services.

Grantees are required to spend a minimum of 50 percent of their Title III EIS funds for providing primary care services to HIV-positive individuals, but the grantees are encouraged to spend more than this amount for primary care services. Grant funds may be used to pay the costs of providing optional services but only to the extent that these services are necessary to engage or retain patients in care. Optional services include outreach, case management, and eligibility assistance.

### ***Primary Health Care Services***

Title III EIS programs are required to provide outpatient primary health care to all HIV-positive patients. The Ryan White CARE Act describes this service category as encompassing preventive, diagnostic, and therapeutic health services. This range of clinical services includes continuous medical care and periodic evaluations; laboratory and radiology tests; oral health care; other treatments for HIV infection; and prophylactic and treatment interventions for complications of HIV infection, including opportunistic infections, opportunistic malignancies, and other AIDS defining conditions.

Many Title III EIS grantees offer additional primary health care services. In 2001, more than half of grantees offered nutritional counseling, mental health counseling/treatment/therapy, obstetrics/gynecology services, oral health care, on-site dispensing of pharmaceuticals, substance abuse counseling and treatment, optometry/ophthalmology services, and/or dermatology services as part of the clinical services offered in their Title III EIS programs (see Table 10 and Appendix C, Table C-5).

**Table 10: Number and Percent of Title III EIS Program Grantees Providing Primary Care and Various Clinical Specialty Services Directly and by Referral to Other Providers in 2001 (n=248)**

Type of Service	Services Available Within the Title III EIS Program		Services Available Through Referral to Other Providers	
	Number of Grantees	Percent of All Grantees	Number of Grantees	Percent of All Grantees
Outpatient Primary Care	248	100%	--	--
Nutritional Counseling	230	93%	113	46%
Mental Health Counseling/Treatment/Therapy	218	88%	180	73%
Obstetrics/Gynecology	195	79%	161	65%
Oral Health Care	189	76%	176	71%
Substance Abuse Counseling and Treatment	175	71%	197	79%
Dispensing of Pharmaceuticals	167	67%	171	69%
Optometry/Ophthalmology	148	60%	187	75%
Dermatology	128	52%	174	70%
Gastroenterology	120	48%	177	71%
Neurology	114	46%	171	69%
Physical, Occupational, or Rehabilitation Therapy	90	36%	162	65%

\* Because of the broad service category definitions, the sums of the rows can be greater than 100 percent. For example, in the category "Mental Health Counseling/Treatment/Therapy" a grantee may offer the services of a psychologist, but refer out for psychiatric services. This grantee would report the Mental Health services as available both "within" the Title III EIS, and "through referral."

In addition to providing services within the Title III EIS programs, grantees are expected to refer patients to agencies, hospitals, and other ambulatory health centers for clinical specialty services. Grantees report the types of services to which patients are referred, and provide counts of patients referred by agency type as listed in the Title III EIS Program Data Report. Of the 248 reporting Title III EIS grantees, 226 or 91 percent provided referral services during the 2001 reporting period. The types of clinical services available through referral as well as the number of Title III EIS programs referring patients for these services are summarized in Table 10 (see also Appendix C, Table C-1).

### ***HIV Counseling, Testing, and Referral Services***

All Title III EIS grantees must make HIV counseling, testing, and referral services available at the grantee's health care facility or at another readily accessible site to all individuals in the targeted service population. If counseling and testing is not available on site, the program must demonstrate a formal referral mechanism with an existing testing site(s) that ensures availability of referral for HIV -positive persons

from the testing site to the Title III EIS program. Counseling and testing (with informed consent) as defined by Title III EIS program guidance includes the following: 1) pretest counseling; 2) counseling individuals with negative test results; and 3) counseling individuals with positive test results.

Ninety-four percent (n=233) of Title III EIS grantees reported that they directly provided counseling and testing services in 2001. The other six percent of grantees provide counseling and testing services through other formal contractual arrangements. Two-thirds of grantees (n = 163) used Title III EIS funds to provide counseling and testing services. (See Appendix C, Table C-1).

Title III EIS grantees collectively provided pre-test counseling to 417,887<sup>1</sup> individuals, 93 percent (n=387,061) of whom were then tested for antibodies to HIV. Of those, 97.6 percent (n=377,669) tested negative for HIV antibodies. The overall seropositivity rate, that is, the number of individuals who test positive divided by the total number of individuals tested, was 2.4 percent. Positive results were reported for 9,392 individuals. Of those individuals testing positive for HIV, 19 percent (n=1,800) did not return for post-test counseling. Table 11 summarizes counseling, testing, and referral services provided by Title III EIS grantees in 2001 (see Appendix C, Table C-3).

**Table 11. Number and Percent of Individuals Receiving Counseling and Testing Services as Reported by Title III EIS Programs in 2001\* (N=233)**

Counseling and Testing Services Provided	Individuals Receiving Services	
	Number	Percent**
Individuals Received Pre-Test Counseling	417,887	
Individuals Tested for HIV	387,061	92.6%
Individuals Testing Negative for HIV	377,669	97.6% of those tested for HIV
Individuals Testing Positive for HIV	9,392	2.4% of those tested for HIV
Individuals Receiving Post-Test Counseling (return rate)	239,332	61.8% of those tested for HIV
Individuals Testing Positive for HIV That Did Not Return for Post-Test Counseling	1,800	19.2% of those testing positive for HIV

\* Counseling and testing services are provided either directly by the grantee organization or through formal agreements with other service providers

\*\* Percentages will not sum to 100

As seen in Table 12, three-quarters (n=169) of the 233 Title III EIS grantees providing on-site counseling and testing services provided predominantly confidential, rather than anonymous testing services. Grantees providing

<sup>1</sup> This number reflects all persons who received pre-test counseling by the 233 Title III EIS grantees who provide this service directly, regardless of whether or not these counseling services were paid for by the Title III EIS grant and whether or not the counselee went on to become a primary care patient.

confidential counseling and testing had a slightly higher rate of persons testing positive: 2.6 percent (n=7,947) compared to 1.9 percent (n=1,884) at anonymous sites. Interestingly, grantees offering anonymous HIV testing services were found to have a higher rate of return for post-test counseling; 71 percent of those being tested anonymously returned post-test compared to 57 percent of those tested in confidential sites. However, 2.5 percent of individuals with positive test results at anonymous sites did not return for post-test counseling compared with 1.8 percent of individuals testing HIV -positive at confidential testing sites. (See Appendix C, Table C-5).

**Table 12. Comparison of Numbers of Persons Receiving Confidential vs. Anonymous Counseling and Testing Through Title III EIS Programs in 2001**

	Confidential		Anonymous	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Grantees providing counseling and testing services	169	73%	63	27%
Individuals tested for HIV	286,646	--	100,303	--
Individuals who tested HIV+	7,947	2.6% of persons tested for HIV	1,884	1.9% of persons tested for HIV
Individuals who received post-test counseling	168,147	57% of persons tested for HIV	71,174	71% of persons tested for HIV
Individuals with positive test results that did not return for post-test counseling	1,333	16.8% of persons with positive HIV test	467	24.8% of persons with positive HIV test

\* Data on confidential versus anonymous testing was not available for one grantee.

### ***Optional Services: Outreach, Eligibility Assistance, and Case Management***

Title III EIS program funds may be used to provide the following optional services: 1) outreach to those who may have HIV disease, or who may be at high risk of contracting the disease, in order to explain the benefits of early intervention and outreach to providers to make them aware of the availability and benefits of Title III EIS/primary care; 2) assistance to persons infected with HIV in establishing eligibility for financial assistance, services, and entitlements under Federal, State, or local programs providing for health services, social services, or other appropriate services; and, 3) case management to persons infected with HIV including referrals for appropriate social support services.

Optional services may be supported only to the extent necessary to provide the continuum of required primary care services (e.g., counseling and testing, ambulatory diagnostic care and treatment, referral and follow-up) and when they cannot be funded by other sources. Outreach and case management services provided by Title III EIS programs must be coordinated with outreach and case management activities funded under Titles I, II, or IV of the CARE Act, or any other funding source, and may not be duplicative.

Outreach services are provided face-to-face, individually or in a group, to individuals who may be at risk for HIV infection and who may/may not be receiving appropriate information or services. Outreach activities often include encouraging prospective patients in the community to seek health care and/or social or support services as well as the distribution of educational materials and information. Outreach activities may also target other health care professionals. Of the 248 reporting Title III EIS grantees, 81 percent (n=200 grantees) reported providing outreach services. Information regarding outreach services provided by Title III EIS programs in 2001 is presented in Table 13. (See Appendix C, Tables C-1 and C-2).

**Table 13. Number of Outreach Sessions Conducted and the Number of Clients and Health Care Professionals Receiving Outreach Services in 2001 (N=200)**

<b>Outreach Services</b>	<b>Number Served</b>
Sessions or Encounters with Individuals or Health Care Professionals	271,110
Individuals Reached as a Result of Outreach Sessions	643,973
Health Care Professionals Reached as a Result of Outreach Sessions	46,142

Case management and eligibility assistance services are provided to help coordinate the provision of health care services to HIV -positive individuals and those at risk for HIV infection as well as to assist HIV -positive individuals and their families with establishing eligibility for financial assistance and services. Ninety-six percent (n=237) of reporting Title III EIS grantees provided case management and eligibility assistance services to their clients in 2001, 73 percent (n=173) of whom used Title III funds to provide these services to their HIV -positive clients. During the 2001 reporting year, 123,994 Title III EIS clients received case management and eligibility assistance services. Eighty percent (n=98,689) of these clients were HIV -positive and 20 percent (n=25,305) were HIV -negative, but at risk of infection (see Table 14). See Appendix C, Tables C-1 and C-2 for detailed information about outreach and case management services provided.

**Table 14. Individuals Receiving Case Management or Eligibility Assistance Services by HIV Status in 2001 (N=237)**

<b>Clients Receiving Case Management or Eligibility Assistance Services</b>	<b>Number Served</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>
All clients	123,994	--
HIV-positive clients	98,689	80%
HIV-negative or at risk clients	25,305	20%

### ***Access to Other Supportive Services***

Title III EIS grantees have been successful in obtaining non-Title III funds to provide a wide range of supportive services to clients in their HIV/AIDS program. For 2001, the five most commonly reported support services provided include assistance in obtaining HIV-related medications, transportation, housing assistance, support groups, and food bank/home-delivered meals. See Table 15 for other supportive services Title III EIS grantees provided for their patients.

**Table 15. Number and Percent of Title III EIS Grantees Providing Access to Other Supportive Services by Type of Service in 2001\* (n=248)**

<b>Support Services Provided</b>	<b>Title III EIS Grantees</b>	
	<b>Number</b>	<b>Percent</b>
Assistance in Obtaining HIV -Related Medications	243	98%
Transportation	242	98%
Housing Assistance	241	97%
Support Groups	237	96%
Food Bank/Delivered Meals	235	95%
Crisis Intervention	232	94%
Home Health Services	229	92%
Legal Assistance	222	90%
Hospice/Respite Care	218	88%
Translation/Interpreter Services	216	87%
Nursing Home and Assisted Living Placement	212	85%
Caregiver Support/Counseling	209	84%
Spiritual Assistance	206	83%
Employment/Educational Counseling	203	82%
Discharge Planning	195	79%
Homemaker Assistance	176	71%
Funeral Assistance	173	70%
Buddy Companion Services	168	68%
Child Care	157	63%
Foster Care/Adoption Services	128	52%

\* Percentages will not sum to 100

## Fiscal Information

### *Costs and Expenditures*

Title III EIS programs rely on a variety of funding sources to provide health care and supportive services to their patients, including public and private insurance reimbursement, other State and Federal government assistance, and patient contribution. While Title III EIS funds are essential to grantees' ability to provide care to people living with HIV/AIDS, they cover only a portion of the total costs of care. Title III EIS funds covered 23 percent of the cost of providing primary health care services, a slightly smaller portion than in the two previous years. Title III EIS funds covered 19 percent of the cost of providing all other services (includes case management and eligibility assistance, outreach, social work, prevention education and harm reduction, and all other Title III-eligible optional services).

**Table 16. Proportion of Title III EIS Funds Covering Costs of Providing Primary Health Care and All Other Services in 1999-2001\***

	1999 (N=173)	2000 (N=198)	2001 (N=248)
<b>Primary Health Care**</b>			
Total Cost of Providing Service <sup>T</sup>	\$247,381,089	\$333,940,090	\$455,261,269
Amount of Title III EIS Funds Expended	\$59,952,925	\$79,056,522	\$103,801,812
Proportion of Title III EIS Funds Covering Total Cost	24%	24%	23%
<b>Other Services***</b>			
Total Cost of Providing Service <sup>T</sup>	\$80,385,321	\$77,991,752	\$87,875,141
Amount of Title III EIS Funds Expended	\$15,400,388	\$13,970,388	\$17,608,663
Proportion of Title III EIS Funds Covering Total Cost	20%	18%	19%

\* Missing or incorrect data are excluded from this table.

\*\* Includes medical, subspecialty care, dental, nutrition, outpatient mental health and outpatient substance abuse treatment and pharmacy services; laboratory and other tests for diagnosis and treatment planning; HIV counseling and testing, and the cost of making and tracking referrals for medical care.

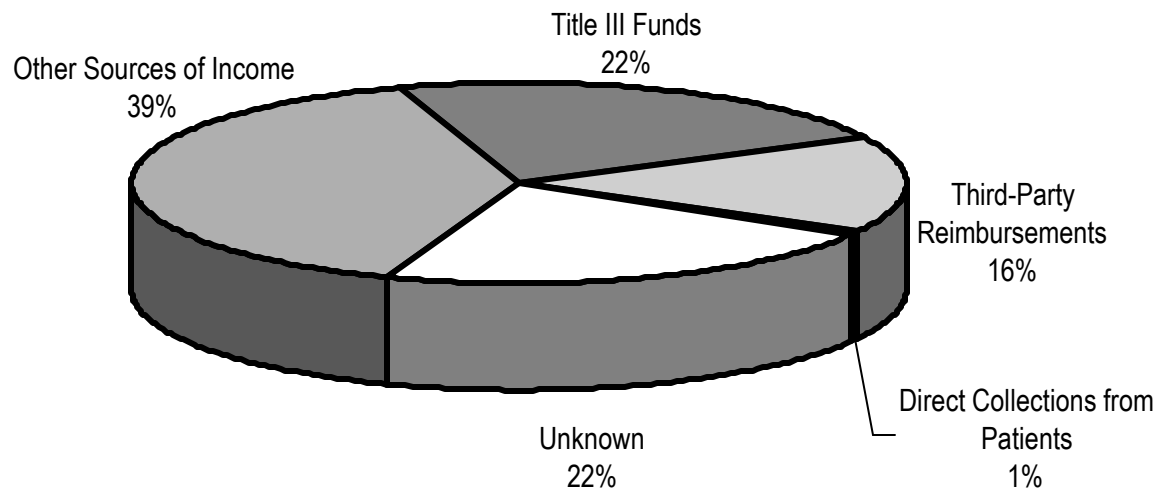
\*\*\* Includes case management and eligibility assistance, outreach, social work, prevention education and harm reduction, and all other Title III-eligible optional services

<sup>T</sup> Method of calculating costs may vary by grantee.

Title III EIS grantees receive payments for services from direct collections from patients, third party reimbursements, and other sources to cover the cost of providing the service. Figure 4 shows funds received from each source as a proportion of the total cost of providing primary health care and all other services in 2001. (See Appendix D, Table D-2).



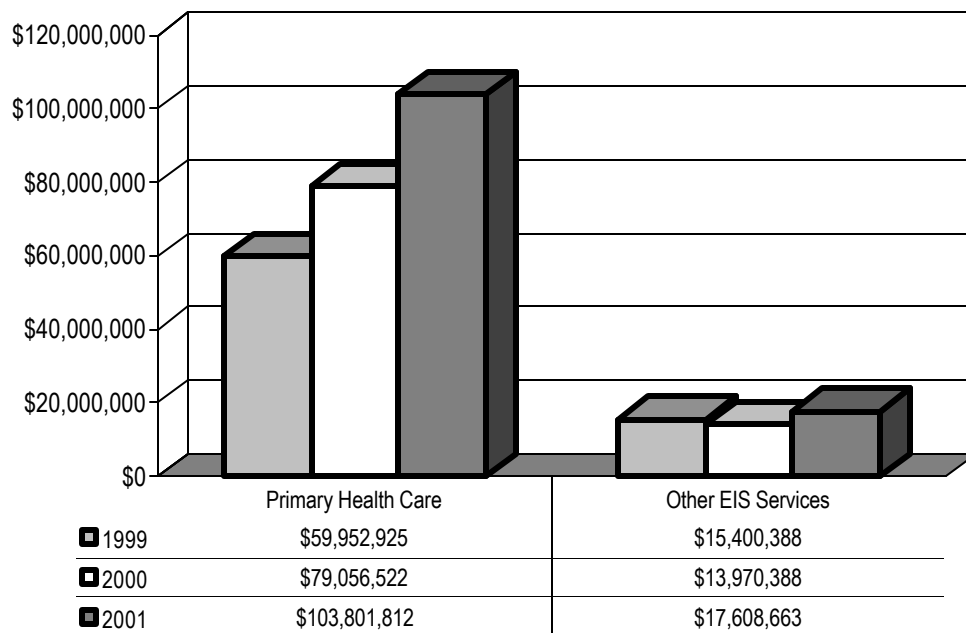
**Figure 4. Funds Received From All Sources to Provide Primary Care and Other Services, 2001**



***Expenditures by Service Category***

Eighty-five percent of all Title III EIS funds were spent on primary health care services including medical, subspecialty care, dental, nutrition, outpatient mental health and outpatient substance abuse treatment, and pharmacy services; laboratory and other tests for diagnosis and treatment planning; HIV counseling and testing, and the cost of making and tracking referrals for medical care. The remaining 15 percent of Title III EIS funds was spent on all other Title III EIS eligible services. See Figure 5.

**Figure 5. Title III EIS Grantee Expenditures by Service Category, 1999-2001**



### ***Average Expenditures Per Patient***

Title III EIS grantees provided primary health care services to 157,803 patients with more than \$455 million from all sources in 2001<sup>2</sup>. Therefore, the national average expenditure per EIS patient across Title III EIS grantees was \$2,885. The cost per patient does not include the cost of HIV medications that are available through Medicaid, Medicare or AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP). Additionally, the cost per EIS patient does not include the cost of any inpatient, residential, or home health services that grantees might incur. Those services are not part of a Title III EIS outpatient program, and therefore, are not reported.

<sup>2</sup> Readers are reminded that Title III EIS grantees report on all funding used to support their programs, not just Title III EIS funds. Title III EIS funds accounted for \$103,801,812 of this amount for primary health care.

## Summary

The HIV/AIDS epidemic continues to grow among traditionally underserved and vulnerable populations and people of color, women and youth remain disproportionately impacted by the epidemic. In 2001, 43,158 new AIDS cases were reported in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico and the U.S. Territories, an increase of 3.2 percent from 2000.<sup>3</sup> Sixty-nine percent of all new AIDS cases in 2001 were among racial/ethnic minorities. Nearly half (49 percent) of all new cases were among African Americans. Women of color accounted for 81 percent of the 11,154 new AIDS cases among women in 2001. Four percent of cumulative AIDS cases are among youth between the ages of 13 and 24.

The 2001 Program Data Report data show that Ryan White CARE Act Title III grantees are serving the populations most affected by the HIV/AIDS epidemic. One-third of new clients served in 2001 were females. Persons from racial/ethnic minority groups comprised 69 percent of both new clients and all clients served by Title III. Forty-nine percent of new clients and 47 percent of all clients served were African Americans. Eighty-two percent of new female patients and 79 percent of all female patients served by Title III EIS grantees in 2001 were racial/ethnic minorities. Nearly seven (6.8) percent of new patients and 5 percent of all patients served were aged 13-24.

It is important to note that CARE Act grantees and their providers are serving an increasingly larger proportion of aging clients. The proportion of Title III EIS patients 50 years of age and older has increased at a rate of one percent each year since 1996. In 2001, 13 percent of Title III EIS patients were 50 years of age or older; almost half (48 percent) were 40 years of age and older. Treatment advances have resulted in people living with HIV living longer but, as they live longer, they are faced with the health problems and complications of an aging population in addition to those associated with HIV/AIDS. The aging population of people living with HIV may result in an increased demand for medical care services from CARE Act grantees and providers.

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<sup>3</sup> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). HIV/AIDS Surveillance Report, U.S. HIV and AIDS cases reported through December 2001, Vol. 13, No. 2.



**APPENDIX A:**  
**GRANTEE CHARACTERISTICS**



**Table A-1: Number and Percent Distribution of Reporting Grantees by Public Health Service Region**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

<b>Public Health Service Region</b>	<b>Number of Grantees</b>	<b>Percent of Grantees</b>
1	19	7.7
2	55	22.2
3	22	8.9
4	55	22.2
5	25	10.1
6	18	7.3
7	10	4.0
8	6	2.4
9	31	12.5
10	7	2.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Table A-2: Number of Title III EIS Grantees by State and Organization Type**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1, to December 31, 2001

State	Number of Grantees	Community Based Organizations	Publicly Funded Community Health Center	Health Department	Hospital or University Based Program	Substance Abuse Treatment Center	Other Facility
Alabama	9	3	3	1	2	0	0
Alaska	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Arizona	3	0	1	1	1	0	0
Arkansas	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
California	26	4	12	7	3	0	0
Colorado	2	0	0	1	1	0	0
Connecticut	5	0	5	0	0	0	0
Delaware	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
District of Columbia	3	1	1	0	0	1	0
Florida	14	2	4	6	2	0	0
Georgia	11	2	1	7	1	0	0
Hawaii	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Idaho	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Illinois	11	7	1	1	2	0	0
Indiana	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Iowa	4	0	3	0	1	0	0
Kansas	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Kentucky	2	1	0	0	1	0	0
Louisiana	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Maine	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Maryland	3	1	2	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts	11	3	7	0	1	0	0
Michigan	4	0	1	0	3	0	0
Minnesota	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Mississippi	3	1	2	0	0	0	0
Missouri	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
Montana	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Nebraska	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Nevada	2	1	0	0	1	0	0
New Jersey	8	1	3	0	4	0	0
New Mexico	3	2	0	0	1	0	0
New York	37	6	14	2	14	1	0
North Carolina	9	2	5	0	2	0	0
Ohio	5	3	0	1	1	0	0
Oklahoma	2	0	0	0	2	0	0
Oregon	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Pennsylvania	12	1	3	1	7	0	0
Puerto Rico	9	2	6	0	1	0	0
Rhode Island	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
South Carolina	5	0	4	0	1	0	0
Tennessee	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
Texas	9	3	2	4	0	0	0
Utah	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Vermont	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
Virgin Islands	1	0	1	0	0	0	0
Virginia	4	0	0	0	4	0	0
Washington	3	0	2	0	1	0	0
Wisconsin	3	1	1	0	1	0	0
<b>US Total</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>% of Total</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>20.2%</b>	<b>35.9%</b>	<b>14.5%</b>	<b>27.8%</b>	<b>0.8%</b>	<b>0.8%</b>



**Table A-3: Number of Grantees in Title I Eligible Metropolitan Areas (EMA) versus Non-Eligible Metropolitan Areas**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1, to December 31, 2001

State	Number of Grantees in Title I EMA	Number of Grantees Not in Title I EMA
Alabama	0	9
Alaska	0	1
Arizona	1	2
Arkansas	0	1
California	20	6
Colorado	1	1
Connecticut	5	0
Delaware	0	1
District of Columbia	3	0
Florida	7	7
Georgia	2	9
Hawaii	0	1
Idaho	0	1
Illinois	9	2
Indiana	0	1
Iowa	0	4
Kansas	0	1
Kentucky	0	2
Louisiana	1	3
Maine	0	1
Maryland	3	0
Massachusetts	9	2
Michigan	2	2
Minnesota	1	0
Mississippi	0	3
Missouri	2	1
Montana	0	1
Nebraska	0	2
Nevada	1	1
New Jersey	7	1
New Mexico	0	3
New York	32	5
North Carolina	0	9
Ohio	2	3
Oklahoma	0	2
Oregon	1	0
Pennsylvania	6	6
Puerto Rico	6	3
Rhode Island	0	1
South Carolina	0	5
Tennessee	0	2
Texas	7	2
Utah	0	1
Vermont	0	1
Virgin Islands	0	1
Virginia	2	2
Washington	2	1
Wisconsin	0	3
<b>US Total</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>116</b>
<b>% of Total</b>	<b>53.2%</b>	<b>46.8%</b>



**APPENDIX B:**  
**PATIENT CHARACTERISTICS**



**Table B-1: Number and Percent of New HIV+ Patients by Annual Household Income Category (N=35,592)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

<b>Income Category*</b>	<b>Number of new HIV+ patients</b>	<b>Percent of new HIV+ patients</b>
Equal to or below federal poverty level	21,695	61.0
Within 101-200% of the federal poverty level	4,666	13.1
Within 201-300% of the federal poverty level	2,112	5.9
More than 300% of the federal poverty level	1,814	5.1
Unknown or unreported/missing	5,305	14.9
<b>Total</b>	<b>35,592</b>	<b>100.0</b>

\* Client household income at first entry into Title III EIS program

**Table B-2: Number and Percent of New HIV+ Patients by Insurance Status (N=35,592)\***

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

<b>Payment Source</b>	<b>Number of new HIV+ patients</b>	<b>Percent of new HIV+ patients</b>
Medicaid	10,642	29.9
Medicare	2,556	7.2
Private insurance**	4,159	11.7
No insurance	14,866	41.8
Other payment sources	3,509	9.9

\* Patients may have more than one payment source

\*\* Includes HMO, PPO, and indemnity plans

**Table B-3: Number and Percent of New HIV+ Patients Receiving Primary Care Services for Whom CDC Classification Was Known**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Age Category	Number	Percent
Adults and adolescents	30,872	86.7
Infants and children	214	0.6
<b>Total</b>	<b>31,086</b>	<b>87.3</b>

**Table B-3a: Number and percent of New HIV+ Adolescent and Adult Patients Receiving Primary Care for Whom CDC Classification Was Known by Surveillance Category\* (N=30,872)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

CDC Classification	Number	Percent
<b>CD4+ T-cell count <math>\geq</math>500/uL</b>		
A1: asymptomatic HIV infection	6,810	22.1
B1: symptomatic conditions	1,946	6.3
C1: with AIDS indicator conditions	545	1.8
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,301</b>	<b>30.1</b>
<b>CD4+ T-cell count 200-499/uL</b>		
A2: asymptomatic HIV infection	6,330	20.5
B2: symptomatic conditions	3,160	10.2
C2: with AIDS indicator conditions	1,397	4.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,887</b>	<b>35.3</b>
<b>CD4+ T-cell count <math>&lt;</math>200/uL</b>		
A3: asymptomatic HIV infection	2,731	8.8
B3: symptomatic conditions	2,240	7.3
C3: with AIDS indicator conditions	5,713	18.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,684</b>	<b>34.6</b>

\*Refers to new HIV+ patients who entered primary care and were determined by a physician to be one of the CDC adolescent and adult HIV surveillance categories [Ref: CDC, 1993 revised classification system for AIDS among adolescents and adults, MMWR 1992;41(No. RR-17)].

**Table B-3b: Number and Percent Distribution of New HIV+ Infants and Children Receiving Primary Care Services for Whom CDC Classification Was Known by Surveillance Category \* (N=214)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

<b>CDC Classification</b>	<b>Number</b>	<b>Percent</b>
<b><u>Immune Category (1) - No evidence of suppression</u></b>		
N1: no signs or symptoms	87	40.7
A1: mild signs or symptoms	20	9.3
B1: moderate signs or symptoms	11	0.0
C1: severe signs or symptoms	4	1.9
Total	<b>122</b>	<b>51.9</b>
<b><u>Immune Category (2) - Evidence of moderate suppression</u></b>		
N2: no signs or symptoms	11	5.1
A2: mild signs or symptoms	16	7.5
B2: moderate signs or symptoms	11	5.1
C2: severe signs or symptoms	7	3.3
Total	<b>45</b>	<b>21.0</b>
<b><u>Immune Category (3) - Severe suppression</u></b>		
N3: no signs or symptoms	2	0.9
A3: mild signs or symptoms	7	3.3
B3: moderate signs or symptoms	22	10.3
C3: severe signs or symptoms	16	7.5
Total	<b>47</b>	<b>22.0</b>

\*Refers to new HIV+ patients who entered primary care and were determined by a physician to be one of the CDC pediatric HIV surveillance categories [Ref: CDC, 1996 revised classification system for HIV infection in children <13 years of age, MMWR 1996: 43(No. RR-13)].

**Table B-3c: Number and Percent Distribution of New HIV+ Adult and Adolescent Patients by CD4<sup>+</sup> Count and CDC Surveillance Category\* (N=30,872)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Surveillance Category	1: T-cell $\geq 500/\mu\text{L}$		2: T-cell 200-499/ $\mu\text{L}$		3: T-cell $<200/\mu\text{L}$		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>A</b>	6,810	42.9%	6,330	39.9%	2,731	17.2%	15,871	100.0%
<b>B</b>	1,946	26.5%	3,160	43.0%	2,240	30.5%	7,346	100.0%
<b>C</b>	545	7.1%	1,397	18.2%	5,713	74.6%	7,655	100.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>9,301</b>	<b>30.1%</b>	<b>10,887</b>	<b>35.3%</b>	<b>10,684</b>	<b>34.6%</b>	<b>30,872</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Definitions:

A: asymptomatic HIV infection

B: symptomatic conditions

C: with AIDS indicator conditions

\* Numbers represent patients for whom CDC classification was known and reported by grantees.

**Table B-3d: Number and Percent Distribution of New HIV+ Infants and Children by Immune Category and CDC Surveillance Category\* (N=214)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Surveillance Category	Immune Category 1: No evidence of suppression		Immune Category 2: Moderate evidence of suppression		Immune Category 3: Severe evidence of suppression		Total	
	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
<b>N</b>	87	87.0%	11	11.0%	2	2.0%	100	100.0%
<b>A</b>	20	46.5%	16	37.2%	7	16.3%	43	100.0%
<b>B</b>	11	25.0%	11	25.0%	22	50.0%	44	100.0%
<b>C</b>	4	14.8%	7	25.9%	16	59.3%	27	100.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>57.0%</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>21.0%</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>22.0%</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Definitions:

N: no signs or symptoms

A: mild signs or symptoms

B: moderate signs or symptoms

C: severe signs or symptoms

\* Numbers represent patients for whom CDC classification was known and reported by grantees.



**Table B-4: Number of Patients by Gender, Race/Ethnicity, and Age Categories for Last Four Reporting Periods**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1998, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1999, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2000 and Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Patient Characteristic	2001		2000		1999		1998	
	All Patients	New Patients	All Patients	New Patients	All Patients	New Patients	All Patients	New Patients
<b>Gender</b>								
Male	109,883	24,644	90,687	20,800	77,734	18,770	75,192	18,509
Female	45,613	10,563	36,813	8,706	31,075	8,211	30,150	7,595
Unknown/Unreported or Missing	2,307	385	2,175	663	136	10	56	74
<b>Total</b>	<b>157,803</b>	<b>35,592</b>	<b>129,675</b>	<b>30,169</b>	<b>108,945</b>	<b>26,991</b>	<b>105,398</b>	<b>26,178</b>
<b>Race/Ethnicity</b>								
Black (not Hispanic)	72,684	16,905	56,024	13,677	47,067	12,539	46,353	12,203
White (not Hispanic)	48,383	9,915	41,284	8,682	34,034	7,553	31,321	6,835
Hispanic	30,306	7,047	26,450	5,977	25,099	6,016	24,780	5,946
Asian	1,134	262	903	230	793	227	639	151
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	104	37	127	34	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Native American/Alaskan Native	713	161	600	164	497	105	470	138
Unknown/Unreported or Missing	4,479	1,265	4,287	1,405	1,455	551	1,835	905
<b>Total</b>	<b>157,803</b>	<b>35,592</b>	<b>129,675</b>	<b>30,169</b>	<b>108,945</b>	<b>26,991</b>	<b>105,398</b>	<b>26,178</b>
<b>Age</b>								
<2	477	320	446	181	531	173	670	250
2 - 4	287	33	334	68	331	43	462	61
5 - 12	914	89	854	127	708	70	760	90
13 - 19	1,227	432	1,030	372	999	327	823	294
20 - 24	5,882	1,920	4,602	1,483	4,135	1,482	4,864	1,371
25 - 29	13,168	3,640	11,502	3,023	10,538	3,084	11,851	3,282
30 - 39	58,039	13,527	50,258	12,038	44,299	11,219	44,961	11,203
40 - 49	53,239	10,934	42,401	8,964	34,072	7,719	30,686	7,260
50+	20,616	3,902	15,429	3,108	12,022	2,670	9,921	2,132
Unknown/Unreported or Missing	3,954	795	2,819	805	1,310	204	400	235
<b>Total</b>	<b>157,803</b>	<b>35,592</b>	<b>129,675</b>	<b>30,169</b>	<b>108,945</b>	<b>26,991</b>	<b>105,398</b>	<b>26,178</b>

**Table B-4a: Number and Percent of All Male Patients by Age and Race/Ethnicity\* (N=90,687)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Age	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
< 2	163	0.4	20	0.1	39	0.2	2	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.2	1	0.1	226	0.2
2 - 4	91	0.2	25	0.1	27	0.1	1	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	144	0.1
5 - 12	224	0.5	70	0.2	147	0.7	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.2	1	0.1	443	0.4
13 - 19	269	0.6	141	0.4	140	0.6	4	0.5	1	1.2	2	0.4	7	0.4	564	0.5
20 - 24	1,430	3.2	927	2.3	722	3.3	50	5.8	3	3.6	12	2.2	71	4.4	3,215	2.9
25 - 29	3,072	6.8	2,674	6.7	1,986	9.1	115	13.3	8	9.5	39	7.1	124	7.7	8,018	7.3
30 - 39	15,314	34.0	15,935	39.9	8,785	40.3	351	40.5	39	46.4	265	47.9	546	33.7	41,235	37.5
40 - 49	16,702	37.1	14,464	36.2	6,969	32.0	252	29.1	24	28.6	185	33.5	500	30.9	39,096	35.6
50+	7,134	15.8	5,405	13.5	2,510	11.5	90	10.4	9	10.7	47	8.5	197	12.2	15,392	14.0
Unknown/ Unreported	652	1.4	273	0.7	451	2.1	2	0.2	0	0.0	1	0.2	171	10.6	1,550	1.4
<b>Totals</b>	<b>45,051</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>39,934</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21,776</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>867</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,618</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>109,883</b>	<b>100.0</b>

Note: Numbers and percents based on patients for whom demographic information was known and reported to grantees.

**Table B-4b: Number and Percent of All Female Patients by Age and Race/Ethnicity\* (N=45,613)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Age	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
< 2	180	0.7	28	0.3	37	0.4	1	0.4	0	0.0	1	0.6	4	0.7	251	0.6
2 - 4	86	0.3	19	0.2	34	0.4	1	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.5	143	0.3
5 - 12	267	1.0	79	0.9	123	1.4	1	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.2	471	1.0
13 - 19	412	1.5	101	1.2	143	1.7	2	0.7	0	0.0	2	1.3	3	0.5	663	1.5
20 - 24	1,625	5.9	501	5.9	484	5.7	21	7.9	0	0.0	9	5.6	27	4.9	2,667	5.8
25 - 29	2,930	10.6	974	11.5	1,091	12.8	62	23.2	1	5.0	19	11.9	73	13.2	5,150	11.3
30 - 39	10,010	36.2	3,199	37.9	3,216	37.7	96	36.0	9	45.0	65	40.6	209	37.7	16,804	36.8
40 - 49	8,913	32.3	2,595	30.7	2,375	27.8	58	21.7	4	20.0	42	26.3	156	28.2	14,143	31.0
50+	3,181	11.5	934	11.1	1,008	11.8	22	8.2	4	20.0	20	12.5	55	9.9	5,224	11.5
Unknown/ Unreported	29	0.1	19	0.2	19	0.2	3	1.1	2	10.0	2	1.3	23	4.2	97	0.2
<b>Totals</b>	27,633	100.0	8,449	100.0	8,530	100.0	267	100.0	20	100.0	160	100.0	554	100.0	45,613	100.0

Note: Numbers and percents based on patients for whom demographic information was known and reported to grantees.

**Table B-4c: Number and Percent of All Male and Female Patients by Age and Race/Ethnicity\* (N=157,803)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Age	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
< 2	343	0.5	48	0.1	76	0.3	3	0.3	0	0.0	2	0.3	5	0.1	477	0.3
2 - 4	177	0.2	44	0.1	61	0.2	2	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	0.1	287	0.2
5 - 12	491	0.7	149	0.3	270	0.9	1	0.1	0	0.0	1	0.1	2	0.0	914	0.6
13 - 19	681	0.9	242	0.5	283	0.9	6	0.5	1	1.0	4	0.6	10	0.2	1,227	0.8
20 - 24	3,055	4.2	1,428	3.0	1,206	4.0	71	6.3	3	2.9	21	2.9	98	2.2	5,882	3.7
25 - 29	6,002	8.3	3,648	7.5	3,077	10.2	177	15.6	9	8.7	58	8.1	197	4.4	13,168	8.3
30 - 39	25,324	34.8	19,134	39.5	12,001	39.6	447	39.4	48	46.2	330	46.3	755	16.9	58,039	36.8
40 - 49	25,615	35.2	17,059	35.3	9,344	30.8	310	27.3	28	26.9	227	31.8	656	14.6	53,239	33.7
50+	10,315	14.2	6,339	13.1	3,518	11.6	112	9.9	13	12.5	67	9.4	252	5.6	20,616	13.1
Unknown/ Unreported	681	0.9	292	0.6	470	1.6	5	0.4	2	1.9	3	0.4	2,501	55.8	3,954	2.5
<b>Totals</b>	72,684	100.0	48,383	100.0	30,306	100.0	1,134	100.0	104	100.0	713	100.0	4,479	100.0	157,803	100.0

**Table B-4d: Number and Percent of New Male Patients by Age and Race/Ethnicity\* (N=24,584)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Age	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
< 2	121	1.2	17	0.2	14	0.3	1	0.5	0	0.0	1	0.8	0	0.0	154	0.6
2 - 4	9	0.1	2	0.0	4	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	15	0.1
5 - 12	16	0.2	4	0.0	17	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.2	38	0.2
13 - 19	113	1.1	44	0.5	46	0.9	1	0.5	1	3.2	0	0.0	2	0.3	207	0.8
20 - 24	472	4.6	285	3.5	301	5.8	17	8.6	2	6.5	2	1.6	34	5.2	1,113	4.5
25 - 29	873	8.4	701	8.7	621	11.9	39	19.8	3	9.7	14	10.9	57	8.8	2,308	9.4
30 - 39	3,673	35.5	3,476	43.1	2,159	41.4	68	34.5	15	48.4	72	56.3	222	34.1	9,685	39.3
40 - 49	3,540	34.2	2,631	32.6	1,477	28.3	55	27.9	6	19.4	31	24.2	187	28.7	7,927	32.2
50+	1,376	13.3	860	10.7	474	9.1	16	8.1	4	12.9	8	6.3	72	11.1	2,810	11.4
Unknown/ Unreported	166	1.6	46	0.6	99	1.9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	76	11.7	387	1.6
<b>Totals</b>	10,359	100.0	8,066	100.0	5,212	100.0	197	100.0	31	100.0	128	100.0	651	100.0	24,644	100.0

Note: Numbers and percents based on patients for whom demographic information was known and reported to grantees.

**Table B-4e: Number and Percent of New Female Patients by Age and Race/Ethnicity\* (N=10,563)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Age	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
< 2	135	2.1	15	0.8	11	0.6	1	1.5	0	0.0	1	3.0	3	1.3	166	1.6
2 - 4	11	0.2	2	0.1	4	0.2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.4	18	0.2
5 - 12	22	0.3	9	0.5	19	1.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.4	51	0.5
13 - 19	159	2.4	27	1.5	38	2.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.4	225	2.1
20 - 24	522	8.0	139	7.5	126	6.9	7	10.8	0	0.0	2	6.1	11	4.8	807	7.6
25 - 29	775	11.8	232	12.5	266	14.5	20	30.8	0	0.0	6	18.2	33	14.4	1,332	12.6
0 - 39	2,327	35.5	717	38.8	683	37.2	15	23.1	3	50.0	12	36.4	85	37.1	3,842	36.4
40 - 49	1,930	29.5	513	27.7	475	25.9	13	20.0	1	16.7	6	18.2	69	30.1	3,007	28.5
50+	659	10.1	192	10.4	204	11.1	8	12.3	2	33.3	6	18.2	21	9.2	1,092	10.3
Unknown/ Unreported	6	0.1	3	0.2	9	0.5	1	1.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	1.7	23	0.2
<b>Totals</b>	6,546	100.0	1,849	100.0	1,835	100.0	65	100.0	6	100.0	33	100.0	229	100.0	10,563	100.0

Note: Numbers and percents based on patients for whom demographic information was known and reported to grantees.

**Table B-4f: Number and Percent of New Male and Female Patients by Age and Race/Ethnicity\* (N=35,147)**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Age	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
< 2	256	1.5	32	0.3	25	0.4	2	0.8	0	0.0	2	1.2	3	0.4	320	0.9
2 - 4	20	0.1	4	0.0	8	0.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.1	33	0.1
5 - 12	38	0.2	13	0.1	36	0.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.2	89	0.3
13 - 19	272	1.6	71	0.7	84	1.2	1	0.4	1	2.7	0	0.0	3	0.4	432	1.2
20 - 24	994	5.9	424	4.3	427	6.1	24	9.2	2	5.4	4	2.5	45	5.5	1,920	5.4
25 - 29	1,648	9.7	933	9.4	887	12.6	59	22.5	3	8.1	20	12.4	90	11.0	3,640	10.2
30 - 39	6,000	35.5	4,193	42.3	2,842	40.3	83	31.7	18	48.6	84	52.2	307	37.4	13,527	38.0
40 - 49	5,470	32.4	3,144	31.7	1,952	27.7	68	26.0	7	18.9	37	23.0	256	31.2	10,934	30.7
50+	2,035	12.0	1,052	10.6	678	9.6	24	9.2	6	16.2	14	8.7	93	11.3	3,902	11.0
Unknown/ Unreported	172	1.0	49	0.5	108	1.5	1	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	20	2.4	795	2.2
<b>Totals</b>	16,905	100.0	9,915	100.0	7,047	100.0	262	100.0	37	100.0	161	100.0	820	100.0	35,592	100.0

**Table B-5a: HIV Exposure Categories for Male Patients: 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1998, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1999, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2000 and Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	All HIV+ Patients - Male							
	2001		2000		1999		1998	
Men who have sex with men	51,074	46.5%	43,889	48.4%	35,823	46.1%	34,155	45.4%
Injection drug use	17,722	16.1%	15,339	16.9%	14,318	18.4%	14,432	19.2%
Men who have sex with men and injection drug use	5,306	4.8%	3,861	4.3%	3,375	4.3%	3,176	4.2%
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	503	0.5%	483	0.5%	347	0.4%	438	0.6%
Heterosexual contact	21,726	19.8%	16,703	18.4%	14,163	18.2%	13,266	17.6%
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	882	0.8%	881	1.0%	806	1.0%	863	1.1%
Receipt of blood transfusion/blood components/tissue	749	0.7%	507	0.6%	426	0.5%	483	0.6%
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	11,921	10.8%	9,025	10.0%	8,486	10.9%	8,381	11.1%
<b>Totals</b>	109,883	100.0%	90,688	100.0%	77,744	100.0%	75,194	100.0%

**Table B-5b: HIV Exposure Categories for NEW Male Patients: 1998, 1999, 2000 and 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1998, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1999, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2000 and Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	NEW HIV+ Patients - Male							
	2001		2000		1999		1998	
Men who have sex with men	10,429	42.3%	8,980	43.2%	7,487	39.9%	7,481	40.4%
Injection drug use	3,592	14.6%	3,325	16.0%	3,096	16.5%	3,508	19.0%
Men who have sex with men and injection drug use	1,019	4.1%	789	3.8%	782	4.2%	831	4.5%
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	54	0.2%	50	0.2%	39	0.2%	42	0.2%
Heterosexual contact	5,521	22.4%	4,526	21.8%	4,014	21.4%	3,635	19.6%
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	211	0.9%	208	1.0%	139	0.7%	193	1.0%
Receipt of blood transfusion/blood components/tissue	138	0.6%	113	0.5%	100	0.5%	108	0.6%
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	3,680	14.9%	2,809	13.5%	3,109	16.6%	2,702	14.6%
<b>Totals</b>	24,644	100.0%	20,800	100.0%	18,766	100.0%	18,500	100.0%



**Table B-6a: HIV Exposure Categories for Female Patients: 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1998, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1999, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2000 and Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	All HIV+ Patients - Female							
	2001		2000		1999		1998	
Injection drug use	9,217	20.2%	8,056	21.9%	6,847	22.0%	7,195	23.9%
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	159	0.3%	156	0.4%	38	0.1%	50	0.2%
Heterosexual contact	29,859	65.5%	23,048	62.6%	19,141	61.6%	17,364	57.7%
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	1,007	2.2%	893	2.4%	837	2.7%	799	2.7%
Receipt of blood transfusion/blood components/tissue	576	1.3%	457	1.2%	362	1.2%	428	1.4%
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	4,795	10.5%	4,204	11.4%	3,833	12.3%	4,232	14.1%
<b>Totals</b>	45,613	100.0%	36,814	100.0%	31,058	100.0%	30,068	100.0%

**Table B-6b: HIV Exposure Categories for NEW Female Patients: 1998, 1999, 2000, and 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1998, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 1999, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2000 and Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	NEW HIV+ Patients - Female							
	2001		2000		1999		1998	
Injection drug use	1,753	16.6%	1,500	17.2%	1,503	18.3%	1,696	22.3%
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	36	0.3%	36	0.4%	7	0.1%	6	0.1%
Heterosexual contact	7,015	66.4%	5,590	64.2%	5,019	61.2%	4,347	57.3%
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	262	2.5%	219	2.5%	149	1.8%	207	2.7%
Receipt of blood transfusion/blood components/tissue	125	1.2%	101	1.2%	94	1.1%	68	0.9%
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	1,372	13.0%	1,260	14.5%	1,432	17.5%	1,267	16.7%
<b>Totals</b>	10,563	100.0%	8,706	100.0%	8,204	100.0%	7,591	100.0%

**Table B-7a: Number and Percent of All Male Patients by HIV Exposure Category and Race/Ethnicity, 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Men who have sex with men	15,731	34.9	25,295	63.3	8,772	40.3	401	46.3	45	53.6	295	53.3	535	33.1	51,074	46.5
Injection drug use	8,900	19.8	3,935	9.9	4,592	21.1	62	7.2	2	2.4	67	12.1	164	10.1	17,722	16.1
Men who have sex with men and injection drug use	1,762	3.9	2,542	6.4	831	3.8	38	4.4	5	6.0	65	11.8	63	3.9	5,306	4.8
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	160	0.4	301	0.8	28	0.1	7	0.8	1	1.2	2	0.4	4	0.2	503	0.5
Heterosexual contact	12,582	27.9	3,429	8.6	5,138	23.6	224	25.8	19	22.6	74	13.4	260	16.1	21,726	19.8
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	516	1.1	117	0.3	242	1.1	5	0.6	0	0.0	2	0.4	0	0.0	882	0.8
Receipt of blood transfusion/ components/tissue	290	0.6	304	0.8	115	0.5	16	1.8	1	1.2	9	1.6	14	0.9	749	0.7
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	5,110	11.3	4,011	10.0	2,058	9.5	114	13.1	11	13.1	39	7.1	578	35.7	11,921	10.8
<b>Totals</b>	<b>45,051</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>39,934</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>21,776</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>867</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>84</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>553</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,618</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>109,883</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Table B-7b: Number and Percent of All Female Patients by HIV Exposure Category and Race/Ethnicity, 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Injection drug use	5,425	19.6	2,158	25.5	1,498	17.6	14	5.2	2	10.0	35	21.9	85	15.3	9,217	20.2
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	90	0.3	37	0.4	27	0.3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	0.9	159	0.3
Heterosexual contact	18,219	65.9	5,126	60.7	5,907	69.2	212	79.4	16	80.0	102	63.8	277	50.0	29,859	65.5
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	610	2.2	143	1.7	244	2.9	4	1.5	0	0.0	1	0.6	5	0.9	1,007	2.2
Receipt of blood transfusion/ components/tissue	323	1.2	119	1.4	109	1.3	8	3.0	1	5.0	2	1.3	14	2.5	576	1.3
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	2,966	10.7	866	10.2	745	8.7	29	10.9	1	5.0	20	12.5	168	30.3	4,795	10.5
<b>Totals</b>	<b>27,633</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>8,449</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>8,530</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>267</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>160</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>554</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>45,613</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Table B-8a: Number and Percent of NEW Male Patients by HIV Exposure Category and Race/Ethnicity, 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Men who have sex with men	3,366	32.5	4,797	59.5	1,905	36.6	79	40.1	15	48.4	72	56.3	195	30.0	10,429	42.3
Injection drug use	1,699	16.4	784	9.7	1,023	19.6	12	6.1	1	3.2	13	10.2	60	9.2	3,592	14.6
Men who have sex with men and injection drug use	303	2.9	491	6.1	182	3.5	5	2.5	2	6.5	13	10.2	23	3.5	1,019	4.1
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	12	0.1	36	0.4	2	0.0	1	0.5	1	3.2	0	0.0	2	0.3	54	0.2
Heterosexual contact	3,222	31.1	772	9.6	1,357	26.0	64	32.5	6	19.4	13	10.2	87	13.4	5,521	22.4
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	144	1.4	23	0.3	42	0.8	1	0.5	0	0.0	1	0.8	0	0.0	211	0.9
Receipt of blood transfusion/ components/tissue	56	0.5	47	0.6	22	0.4	4	2.0	0	0.0	4	3.1	5	0.8	138	0.6
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	1,557	15.0	1,116	13.8	679	13.0	31	15.7	6	19.4	12	9.4	279	42.9	3,680	14.9
<b>Totals</b>	<b>10,359</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>8,066</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>5,212</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>24,644</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Table B-8b: Number and Percent of NEW Female Patients by HIV Exposure Category and Race/Ethnicity, 2001**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

Exposure Category	Black (not Hispanic)		White (not Hispanic)		Hispanic		Asian		Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander		Native American/ Alaskan Native		Unknown/ Unreported		Totals	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Injection drug use	1,001	15.3	390	21.1	298	16.2	2	3.1	2	33.3	9	27.3	51	22.3	1,753	16.6
Hemophilia or coagulation disorder	22	0.3	4	0.2	8	0.4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	0.9	36	0.3
Heterosexual contact	4,413	67.4	1,156	62.5	1,267	69.0	54	83.1	4	66.7	20	60.6	101	44.1	7,015	66.4
Mother with or at risk for HIV infection (perinatal)	180	2.7	33	1.8	45	2.5	1	1.5	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	1.3	262	2.5
Receipt of blood transfusion/ components/tissue	68	1.0	30	1.6	21	1.1	2	3.1	0	0.0	0	0.0	4	1.7	125	1.2
Other risk, risk not reported, or risk unidentified	862	13.2	236	12.8	196	10.7	6	9.2	0	0.0	4	12.1	68	29.7	1,372	13.0
<b>Totals</b>	<b>6,546</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,849</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1,835</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>65</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>10,563</b>	<b>100.0</b>

**Table B-9a: State Distribution of New Adults and Adolescents by CDC Surveillance Category**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

State	CD4+ T-CELL COUNT >500uL			CD4+ T-CELL COUNT 200-499uL			CD4+ T-CELL COUNT <200uL		
	Asymptomatic HIV Infection	Symptomatic HIV Infection	AIDS Indicator Condition	Asymptomatic HIV Infection	Symptomatic HIV Infection	AIDS Indicator Condition	Asymptomatic HIV Infection	Symptomatic HIV Infection	AIDS Indicator Condition
Alabama	160	18	2	229	57	19	71	69	155
Alaska	8	3	1	10	-	-	5	-	5
Arizona	126	2	1	172	17	11	68	14	86
Arkansas	7	7	1	-	10	-	-	-	20
California	495	283	55	479	433	170	168	266	549
Colorado	34	8	10	21	13	20	4	8	23
Connecticut	47	31	-	34	49	3	26	16	23
Delaware	33	14	6	31	17	4	12	15	43
D.C.	192	59	19	189	72	46	98	89	118
Florida	394	101	76	321	151	106	107	103	232
Georgia	377	66	15	332	114	21	152	117	194
Hawaii	12	11	3	6	13	9	3	3	21
Idaho	16	1	2	18	5	4	6	6	8
Illinois	441	118	13	517	110	53	334	56	300
Indiana	11	3	10	19	22	26	30	12	59
Iowa	40	2	5	36	10	9	16	11	59
Kansa	8	14	-	2	18	-	-	6	14
Kentucky	58	22	2	46	26	7	14	28	57
Louisiana	197	19	7	224	37	18	126	33	135
Maine	8	6	-	4	10	-	-	2	11
Maryland	259	43	5	397	104	101	99	118	403
Massachusetts	159	58	9	141	103	26	36	65	142
Michigan	64	25	8	59	28	13	27	6	62
Minnesota	52	5	2	60	23	8	30	22	35
Mississippi	87	12	3	98	29	2	47	22	32
Missouri	54	36	6	33	41	20	13	22	50
Montana	5	6	-	3	3	2	-	4	8
Nebraska	25	14	-	20	22	-	2	14	15
Nevada	61	60	6	56	98	16	25	60	71
New Jersey	103	70	10	154	188	67	112	155	167
New Mexico	37	40	4	24	50	14	13	29	30
New York	1,354	305	92	980	570	254	402	257	738
North Carolina	119	38	3	116	107	20	52	75	132
Ohio	140	26	6	123	55	19	46	29	93
Oklahoma	49	33	6	18	17	13	15	26	74
Oregon	34	-	1	20	12	3	2	3	5
Pennsylvania	280	73	34	315	128	96	131	110	254
Puerto Rico	182	94	31	127	85	36	38	51	86
Rhode Island	52	-	2	48	14	-	-	-	39
South Carolina	193	20	15	208	61	27	154	51	53
Tennessee	103	4	8	147	39	14	39	39	176
Texas	486	206	59	224	109	73	88	135	719
Utah	28	1	-	36	8	4	12	15	31
Vermont	9	1	-	10	5	-	5	1	5
Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	2
Virginia	128	6	3	100	49	18	62	29	102
Washington	41	3	1	92	14	14	34	38	47
Wisconsin	42	9	3	31	14	9	7	10	30
<b>US Total</b>	<b>6,642</b>	<b>1,955</b>	<b>542</b>	<b>6,091</b>	<b>3,103</b>	<b>1,378</b>	<b>2,655</b>	<b>2,171</b>	<b>5,553</b>

**Table B-9b: State Distribution of New Infants and Children by CDC Surveillance Category**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

State	CATEGORY 1				CATEGORY 2				CATEGORY 3			
	No Sign or Symptoms	Mild Signs or Symptoms	Moderate Signs or Symptoms	Severe Signs or Symptoms	No Sign or Symptoms	Mild Signs or Symptoms	Moderate Signs or Symptoms	Severe Signs or Symptoms	No Sign or Symptoms	Mild Signs or Symptoms	Moderate Signs or Symptoms	Severe Signs or Symptoms
Alabama	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Alaska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arizona	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arkansas	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
California	3	0	1	0	0	1	3	5	0	0	8	4
Colorado	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Connecticut	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Delaware	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
D.C.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Florida	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Georgia	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hawaii	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Illinois	0	0	2	0	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	1
Indiana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iowa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kansa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kentucky	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Louisiana	25	7	1	1	5	7	1	0	2	6	1	2
Maine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maryland	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Massachusetts	12	2	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Michigan	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Minnesota	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mississippi	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Missouri	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Montana	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nebraska	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nevada	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
New Jersey	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
New Mexico	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
New York	14	2	2	1	2	4	0	1	0	1	3	3
North Carolina	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Ohio	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Oklahoma	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oregon												
Pennsylvania	16	3	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	4	5
Puerto Rico	2	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rhode Island	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Carolina	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tennessee	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Texas	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Utah	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Vermont	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Virgin Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Virginia	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wisconsin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>16</b>

**Table B-10a: Demographics of HIV+ Patients: State and U.S. Totals\***

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

State	No. of Patients	GENDER		RACE/ETHNICITY						AGE									
		Male	Female	Black	White	Hisp.	Asian	Haw./ Pac Isl	Nat Amer/ Alask	<2	2 to 4	5 to 12	13 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50+	
Alabama	4,269	2,979	1,290	2,688	1,510	49	5	0	13	0	0	0	46	284	659	2,039	915	326	
Alaska	114	88	26	12	79	17	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	6	46	46	13	
Arizona	2,612	2,174	438	252	1,418	778	19	0	31	0	0	0	3	163	380	1,093	722	249	
Arkansas	212	142	70	150	56	5	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	18	21	90	64	18	
California	15,501	12,864	2,523	3,225	6,201	5,071	339	22	143	9	16	53	81	560	1,325	6,311	5,047	1,980	
Colorado	449	368	81	72	240	126	2	0	6	0	0	0	2	24	62	194	122	45	
Connecticut	1,187	780	407	554	107	523	2	1	0	0	0	2	6	27	80	415	496	150	
Delaware	1,059	651	408	756	230	67	0	2	2	0	0	0	3	24	42	368	447	175	
D.C.	5,199	3,496	1,703	3,993	542	545	78	0	6	0	0	0	48	285	565	1,818	1,833	635	
Florida	7,630	3,981	2,853	3,826	1,699	1,250	12	0	9	138	4	17	60	261	489	2,338	2,352	1,175	
Georgia	5,197	3,422	1,775	3,788	1,277	118	8	3	3	5	3	15	32	205	475	1,904	1,728	819	
Hawaii	208	198	10	9	134	20	8	26	2	0	0	0	1	2	10	77	79	39	
Idaho	220	170	50	10	182	24	1	0	3	0	0	1	2	9	14	72	86	36	
Illinois	7,115	5,268	1,847	4,059	1,607	1,217	61	5	19	8	26	51	55	276	565	2,521	2,540	1,070	
Indiana	876	678	198	434	396	37	4	0	1	0	0	0	4	44	99	398	268	63	
Iowa	848	686	162	151	629	56	10	0	2	0	2	0	3	26	65	348	291	113	
Kansa	617	518	99	105	445	59	7	0	1	0	0	5	1	17	45	251	224	70	
Kentucky	895	667	228	349	527	14	1	2	1	1	1	0	4	46	95	361	302	85	
Louisiana	5,477	3,622	1,855	3,979	1,379	105	12	0	1	101	55	57	90	336	591	1,974	1,653	612	
Maine	88	60	28	6	74	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	34	33	11	
Maryland	6,133	3,883	2,250	4,593	1,253	53	31	0	6	0	1	3	9	91	335	2,059	2,658	977	
Massachusetts	4,256	2,966	1,290	798	1,914	1,450	38	0	5	20	9	54	31	65	247	1,641	1,643	543	
Michigan	3,075	2,184	891	2,027	797	121	10	0	9	4	1	6	16	114	224	1,005	1,132	573	
Minnesota	1,201	907	294	510	528	116	12	0	30	0	0	0	7	58	77	479	384	145	
Mississippi	658	426	232	406	241	8	1	0	2	1	0	1	10	43	72	233	220	78	
Missouri	1,924	1,639	285	818	1,011	76	1	1	9	0	1	1	7	125	297	916	452	115	
Montana	218	180	38	2	202	4	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	3	21	92	85	17	
Nebraska	693	542	151	163	431	84	4	0	10	0	0	0	4	24	79	290	219	77	
Nevada	2,037	1,698	339	477	1,232	253	29	10	25	3	13	27	39	234	271	848	443	144	
New Jersey	5,859	3,514	2,345	4,124	603	1,107	10	3	3	1	10	40	18	173	440	1,921	2,411	840	
New Mexico	1,145	1,023	122	42	565	471	3	2	52	1	0	9	2	12	54	474	423	170	
New York	26,951	16,237	9,464	12,368	3,993	8,799	204	6	56	87	72	310	275	704	1,741	8,646	9,226	3,841	
North Carolina	4,378	2,792	1,379	2,602	1,314	180	9	0	38	8	1	8	62	174	395	1,557	1,404	555	
Ohio	4,903	4,024	879	1,759	2,983	86	16	0	8	6	15	68	75	228	566	2,104	1,288	451	
Oklahoma	1,148	923	225	220	752	56	5	1	100	0	0	0	5	36	103	556	357	91	
Oregon	576	504	72	56	411	70	14	0	13	0	0	1	6	17	65	234	192	61	
Pennsylvania	6,592	4,310	2,342	3,442	2,180	891	15	7	4	41	34	141	86	156	417	2,313	2,407	997	
Puerto Rico	2,582	1,772	810	4	4	2,574	0	0	0	7	7	21	27	92	182	788	759	313	
Rhode Island	858	526	332	226	418	163	15	0	3	0	0	0	6	27	35	287	380	123	
South Carolina	1,659	1,037	622	1,229	389	32	4	2	3	0	0	0	9	95	152	673	529	201	
Tennessee	2,955	2,178	777	1,594	1,206	31	5	2	2	0	0	0	5	114	237	1,119	1,050	320	
Texas	12,308	9,198	3,110	4,835	4,218	2,961	67	2	27	24	13	20	50	461	1,073	4,815	4,263	1,549	
Utah	822	699	123	71	639	96	4	2	6	0	1	1	6	28	66	333	278	109	
Vermont	290	240	50	28	241	10	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	5	5	101	128	51	
Virgin Islands	4	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	
Virginia	2,046	1,397	649	1,121	611	168	24	0	2	12	2	1	24	131	205	734	688	249	
Washington	1,727	1,458	269	316	1,078	202	33	5	39	0	0	0	4	41	112	712	640	218	
Wisconsin	1,032	812	220	431	437	155	5	0	3	0	0	0	3	19	101	456	329	124	
US Total	157,803	109,883	45,613	72,684	48,383	30,306	1,134	104	713	477	287	914	1,227	5,882	13,168	58,039	53,239	20,616	
% of Total	100.0%	69.6%	28.9%	46.1%	66.6%	19.2%	0.7%	0.1%	0.5%	0.3%	0.2%	0.6%	0.8%	3.7%	8.3%	36.8%	33.7%	13.1%	

\* Numbers represent patients for whom demographic information was known and reported by grantees



**Table B-10b: Demographics of New HIV+ Patients: State and U.S. Totals\***

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

State	No. of Patients	GENDER		RACE/ETHNICITY						AGE									
		Male	Female	Black	White	Hisp.	Asian	Haw./ Pac Isl	Nat Amer/ Alaska	<2	2 to 4	5 to12	13 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50+	
Alabama	821	572	249	533	268	15	1	0	1	0	0	0	14	52	102	325	255	73	
Alaska	32	25	7	1	26	3	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	16	10	3	
Arizona	579	475	104	62	304	166	0	0	7	0	0	0	2	33	99	234	154	55	
Arkansas	46	31	15	32	12	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	9	15	13	4	
California	3,309	2,765	512	635	1,344	1,006	72	6	35	4	5	13	34	166	364	1,418	929	340	
Colorado	141	109	32	16	80	40	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	7	22	58	36	17	
Connecticut	304	208	96	138	34	131	0	1	0	0	0	0	4	13	14	112	120	34	
Delaware	175	115	60	123	34	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	11	8	69	66	19	
D.C.	1,442	966	476	1,143	193	74	25	0	2	0	0	0	11	77	133	555	480	178	
Florida	2,293	1,163	962	1,204	529	361	4	0	4	138	1	2	40	145	189	692	627	291	
Georgia	1,434	1,000	434	982	408	40	3	1	0	0	0	1	19	76	154	537	453	186	
Hawaii	84	80	4	4	53	11	2	11	1	0	0	0	1	2	4	33	33	11	
Idaho	66	50	16	2	57	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	5	24	24	6	
Illinois	2,055	1,498	557	1,157	435	355	18	1	4	4	7	7	32	129	217	743	649	266	
Indiana	196	145	51	99	82	8	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	16	34	80	54	11	
Iowa	188	148	40	37	131	16	2	0	2	0	0	0	2	13	17	78	51	27	
Kansa	62	49	13	11	42	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	8	29	15	7	
Kentucky	291	242	49	120	165	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	1	20	38	116	90	25	
Louisiana	970	610	360	767	189	14	0	0	0	62	0	1	38	87	119	307	242	111	
Maine	41	27	14	2	35	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	17	13	6	
Maryland	1,533	974	559	1,085	271	15	11	0	3	0	1	1	7	36	108	535	634	211	
Massachusetts	771	529	242	151	331	267	5	0	1	14	1	3	4	24	68	339	259	59	
Michigan	556	406	150	370	120	26	4	0	2	2	1	2	5	31	63	212	186	54	
Minnesota	251	179	72	124	88	28	1	0	8	0	0	0	3	26	23	96	56	32	
Mississippi	402	244	158	268	126	6	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	27	53	151	120	46	
Missouri	307	263	44	170	117	17	0	0	1	0	0	1	4	24	61	128	61	18	
Montana	31	26	5	0	27	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	4	6	16	4	
Nebraska	144	120	24	39	82	21	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	10	26	61	32	13	
Nevada	456	360	96	119	254	65	6	3	9	1	2	7	9	41	59	193	109	35	
New Jersey	1,125	671	454	830	88	202	1	1	0	0	3	1	5	36	87	401	449	143	
New Mexico	391	334	57	16	185	166	2	2	16	1	0	6	0	8	23	168	142	43	
New York	5,630	3,564	1,929	2,512	837	1,979	51	4	19	41	7	23	75	222	478	2,030	1,767	647	
North Carolina	1,009	655	308	607	272	69	4	0	6	8	0	3	7	57	106	354	314	114	
Ohio	579	458	121	224	333	15	3	0	0	6	2	3	7	26	92	284	130	29	
Oklahoma	251	204	47	63	151	19	2	0	16	0	0	0	3	16	27	117	67	21	
Oregon	89	80	9	9	51	19	3	1	1	0	0	1	2	6	16	35	25	4	
Pennsylvania	1,506	960	546	766	421	246	4	1	0	21	2	8	28	60	124	562	467	174	
Puerto Rico	769	557	210	2	0	765	0	0	0	2	0	3	15	36	65	252	240	89	
Rhode Island	166	112	54	47	77	39	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	7	12	66	54	25	
South Carolina	787	506	281	525	240	19	1	2	0	0	0	0	4	40	72	304	269	98	
Tennessee	590	431	159	365	191	13	2	0	1	0	0	0	5	48	87	258	150	21	
Texas	2,441	1,762	679	1,029	706	625	18	0	3	4	0	2	30	187	309	960	694	253	
Utah	136	111	25	20	94	18	0	0	1	0	1	0	2	11	16	60	37	9	
Vermont	41	35	6	6	28	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	22	14	3	
Virgin Islands	4	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	
Virginia	643	437	206	366	169	62	6	0	1	10	0	0	3	54	73	257	195	51	
Washington	299	257	42	70	158	35	4	2	5	0	0	0	3	18	27	146	84	21	
Wisconsin	156	129	27	50	77	27	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	5	18	71	46	15	
US Total	35,592	24,644	10,563	16,905	9,915	7,047	262	37	161	320	33	89	432	1,920	3,640	13,527	10,934	3,902	
% of Total	100.0%	69.2%	29.7%	47.5%	58.7%	19.8%	0.7%	0.1%	0.5%	0.9%	0.1%	0.3%	1.2%	5.4%	10.2%	38.0%	30.7%	11.0%	

\* Numbers represent patients for whom demographic information was known and reported by grantees.

**Table B-11a: HIV Exposure Categories for Males: State and U.S. Totals**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

State	No. of Patients	Men Who Have Sex with Men	Injection Drug Use	Men Who Have Sex with Men and Inject Drugs	Hemophilia or Coagulation Disorder	Heterosexual Contact	Mother With or At Risk of HIV Infection (Perinatal)	Receipt of Blood Transfusion/ Blood Components /Tissue	Other Risk, Risk Not Reported, or Risk Unidentified
Alabama	2,979	1,656	222	48	7	814	0	30	202
Alaska	88	60	17	1	0	1	0	0	9
Arizona	2,174	1,076	315	276	21	180	0	30	276
Arkansas	142	91	14	0	1	34	0	0	2
California	12,864	7,594	997	966	39	1,305	63	56	1,844
Colorado	368	235	26	27	2	44	0	1	33
Connecticut	780	100	397	14	0	135	1	0	133
Delaware	651	217	236	32	0	158	0	1	7
District of Columbia	3,496	1,270	605	191	0	895	0	14	521
Florida	3,981	1,429	186	51	1	1,803	71	12	428
Georgia	3,422	1,807	268	61	75	1,139	11	47	14
Hawaii	198	143	3	7	0	18	0	1	26
Idaho	170	105	25	4	3	28	0	3	2
Illinois	5,268	2,591	785	87	9	1,056	34	38	668
Indiana	678	397	80	75	0	78	0	2	46
Iowa	686	428	69	20	17	117	1	4	30
Kansa	518	364	32	10	4	54	1	1	52
Kentucky	667	432	43	36	12	122	2	2	18
Louisiana	3,622	1,524	548	314	17	492	101	29	597
Maine	60	19	23	16	1	1	0	0	0
Maryland	3,883	1,328	1,379	203	11	544	2	19	397
Massachusetts	2,966	1,418	948	77	0	374	62	5	82
Michigan	2,184	1,311	216	68	17	414	8	32	118
Minnesota	907	518	96	21	0	176	0	4	92
Mississippi	426	209	16	9	3	157	2	0	30
Missouri	1,639	1,000	202	216	2	120	1	3	95
Montana	180	140	35	5	0	0	0	0	0
Nebraska	542	336	35	14	10	117	0	6	24
Nevada	1,698	1,079	264	195	0	100	0	13	47
New Jersey	3,514	690	1,433	156	15	1,091	28	59	42
New Mexico	1,023	770	81	51	4	67	5	9	36
New York	16,237	4,992	4,076	277	4	4,509	270	57	2,052
North Carolina	2,792	812	269	47	7	563	5	20	1,069
Ohio	4,024	2,537	237	28	123	314	36	55	694
Oklahoma	923	599	82	68	8	116	0	10	40
Oregon	504	348	47	66	0	39	0	2	2
Pennsylvania	4,310	1,914	875	83	28	881	120	24	385
Puerto Rico	1,772	460	720	47	3	498	23	10	11
Rhode Island	526	198	206	23	1	60	0	3	35
South Carolina	1,037	403	127	35	2	368	0	2	100
Tennessee	2,178	1,399	157	115	13	278	0	40	176
Texas	9,198	4,665	699	718	11	1,804	24	70	1,207
Utah	699	464	79	52	16	69	1	9	9
Vermont	240	157	39	8	0	20	0	4	12
Virgin Islands	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Virginia	1,397	519	209	85	3	360	8	15	198
Washington	1,458	856	175	294	4	106	1	5	17
Wisconsin	812	414	129	109	9	107	1	2	41
US Total	109,883	51,074	17,722	5,306	503	21,726	882	749	11,921
% of total	100.0%	46.5%	16.1%	4.8%	0.5%	19.8%	0.8%	0.7%	10.8%

**Table B-11b: HIV Exposure Categories for Females: State and U.S. Totals**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

State	No. of Patients	Injection Drug Use	Hemophilia or Coagulation Disorder	Heterosexual Contact	Mother With or At Risk of HIV Infection (Perinatal)	Receipt of Blood Transfusion/Blood Components/ Tissue	Other Risk, Risk Not Reported, or Risk Unidentified
Alabama	1,290	86	5	1,087	0	42	70
Alaska	26	0	0	25	0	0	1
Arizona	438	131	0	218	3	16	70
Arkansas	70	7	0	62	1	0	0
California	2,523	578	3	1,547	49	42	304
Colorado	81	16	0	54	0	7	4
Connecticut	407	111	0	216	1	0	79
Delaware	408	170	0	227	0	8	3
District of Columbia	1,703	516	0	1,001	0	15	171
Florida	2,853	124	0	2,256	91	22	360
Georgia	1,775	126	4	1,588	22	27	8
Hawaii	10	2	0	7	0	1	0
Idaho	50	6	0	40	2	1	1
Illinois	1,847	402	2	1,161	52	28	202
Indiana	198	29	0	141	0	3	25
Iowa	162	32	0	122	0	4	4
Kansas	99	19	0	56	4	1	19
Kentucky	228	28	0	188	0	2	10
Louisiana	1,855	310	4	874	114	39	514
Maine	28	24	0	4	0	0	0
Maryland	2,250	902	0	1,068	3	17	260
Massachusetts	1,290	514	0	658	44	2	72
Michigan	891	215	30	603	1	3	39
Minnesota	294	33	1	235	0	4	21
Mississippi	232	11	0	198	0	3	20
Missouri	285	61	1	208	2	4	9
Montana	38	6	0	32	0	0	0
Nebraska	151	8	0	140	0	1	2
Nevada	339	53	0	277	3	4	2
New Jersey	2,345	892	0	1,337	51	18	47
New Mexico	122	27	0	79	6	6	4
New York	9,464	1,957	93	6,247	317	95	755
North Carolina	1,379	130	0	683	13	10	543
Ohio	879	70	1	607	30	9	162
Oklahoma	225	37	5	154	7	10	12
Oregon	72	16	0	48	0	2	6
Pennsylvania	2,342	450	0	1,526	130	24	212
Puerto Rico	810	107	2	675	18	4	4
Rhode Island	332	138	0	163	3	3	25
South Carolina	622	91	0	493	0	4	34
Tennessee	777	83	1	612	0	7	74
Texas	3,110	437	1	2,076	30	70	496
Utah	123	27	0	91	1	2	2
Vermont	50	13	2	34	0	0	1
Virgin Islands	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Virginia	649	87	3	418	8	11	122
Washington	269	91	1	172	0	2	3
Wisconsin	220	44	0	151	1	3	21
US Total	45,613	9,217	159	29,859	1,007	576	4,795
% of total	100.0%	20.2%	0.3%	65.5%	2.2%	1.3%	10.5%

**Table B-12: HIV+ Pregnant Patients by State\***

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

<b>State</b>	<b>Number of HIV+ Pregnant Women</b>	<b>Number of HIV+ Women Referred to Public or Non-Profit Primary Care Facilities Conducting Clinical Research on Therapies for Pregnant Women</b>
Alabama	58	29
Alaska	4	0
Arizona	3	0
Arkansas	4	4
California	63	37
Colorado	0	0
Connecticut	4	1
Delaware	16	0
District of Columbia	20	2
Florida	316	105
Georgia	68	2
Hawaii	0	0
Idaho	8	0
Illinois	58	1
Indiana	11	0
Iowa	5	0
Kansa	6	0
Kentucky	17	0
Louisiana	130	0
Maine	0	0
Maryland	57	3
Massachusetts	51	12
Michigan	43	0
Minnesota	24	0
Mississippi	13	0
Missouri	14	0
Montana	1	0
Nebraska	7	0
Nevada	14	0
New Jersey	32	5
New Mexico	2	0
New York	368	1
Ohio	33	0
Oklahoma	9	0
Oregon	2	0
Pennsylvania	137	4
Puerto Rico	11	2
Rhode Island	17	0
South Carolina	30	8
Tennessee	38	0
Texas	174	0
Utah	12	0
Vermont	2	0
Virgin Islands	0	0
Virginia	28	0
Washington	12	10
Wisconsin	1	0
U.S. Total	1,923	226

\* Does not include data from North Carolina, which was incomplete.

**Table B-13: Number of HIV+ Patients with Tuberculosis (TB) Diagnosis by State**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

State	Number of HIV+ Patients with TB Diagnosis	Number of HIV+ Patients with Newly Active TB	Number of HIV+ Patients with Active TB and MDR-TB	Number of HIV+ Patients for Whom Prophylaxis was Clinically Indicated
Alabama	27	14	1	31
Alaska	1	1	0	0
Arizona	13	1	1	1
Arkansas	0	0	0	3
California	167	57	11	269
Colorado	0	0	0	3
Connecticut	3	2	0	5
Delaware	0	0	0	18
District of Columbia	29	28	2	29
Florida	60	42	4	123
Georgia	34	24	0	94
Hawaii	0	0	0	0
Idaho	0	0	0	1
Illinois	42	17	1	60
Indiana	6	6	2	10
Iowa	4	4	0	4
Kansas	1	0	0	2
Kentucky	2	1	0	3
Louisiana	21	14	0	19
Maine	0	0	0	0
Maryland	24	4	1	25
Massachusetts	6	2	0	16
Michigan	14	4	1	39
Minnesota	5	4	0	15
Mississippi	9	3	0	4
Missouri	8	3	0	14
Montana	0	0	0	0
Nebraska	1	0	0	6
Nevada	13	8	0	38
New Jersey	38	10	0	67
New Mexico	3	3	0	8
New York	146	56	4	568
North Carolina	14	12	2	33
Ohio	2	2	0	14
Oklahoma	5	2	0	12
Oregon	2	1	0	5
Pennsylvania	10	3	0	26
Puerto Rico	15	10	0	10
Rhode Island	6	4	0	5
South Carolina	9	8	0	18
Tennessee	26	19	0	92
Texas	98	54	3	128
Utah	2	2	0	22
Vermont	0	0	0	0
Virgin Islands	0	0	0	0
Virginia	14	10	0	17
Washington	10	7	0	13
Wisconsin	3	3	0	3
U.S. Total	893	445	33	1,873

**Table B-14: Eligible Metropolitan Areas (EMA) Versus Non-Eligible Metropolitan Areas: CDC Classification of New HIV+ Patients**

RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001.

ADULTS AND ADOLESCENTS	EMA	Non-EMA
<b>CD4+ T-Cell Count &gt;=500/uL</b>		
A1 - With asymptomatic HIV infection, acute (primary) HIV infection with accompanying illness or history of acute infection, or PGL (persistent generalized lymphadenopathy	4,583	2,227
B1 - With symptomatic conditions (but not with acute HIV infection, PGL, or any AIDS-indicator conditions)	1,450	526
C1 - With AIDS indicator conditions	392	153
Totals	6,425	2,906
<b>CD4+ T-Cell Count 200-499/uL</b>		
A2 - With asymptomatic HIV infection, acute (primary) HIV infection with accompanying illness or history of acute infection, or PGL (persistent generalized lymphadenopathy	3,966	2,364
B2 - With symptomatic conditions (but not with acute HIV infection, PGL, or any AIDS-indicator conditions)	2,058	1,102
C2 - With AIDS indicator conditions	1,003	394
Totals	7,027	3,860
<b>CD4+ T-Cell Count &lt;200/uL</b>		
A3 - With asymptomatic HIV infection, acute (primary) HIV infection with accompanying illness or history of acute infection, or PGL (persistent generalized lymphadenopathy	1,807	924
B3 - With symptomatic conditions (but not with acute HIV infection, PGL, or any AIDS-indicator conditions)	1,334	906
C3 - With AIDS indicator conditions	3,691	2,022
Totals	6,832	3,852
<b>INFANTS AND CHILDREN</b>	<b>EMA</b>	<b>Non-EMA</b>
<b>No Evidence of Suppression</b>		
N1 - No signs or symptoms	53	34
A1 - Mild signs or symptoms	12	8
B1 - Moderate signs or symptoms	6	5
C1 - Severe signs or symptoms	2	2
Totals	73	49
<b>Evidence of Moderate Suppression</b>		
N2 - No signs or symptoms	6	5
A2 - Mild signs or symptoms	8	8
B2 - Moderate signs or symptoms	8	3
C2 - Severe signs or symptoms	6	1
Totals	28	17
<b>Severe Suppression</b>		
N3 - No signs or symptoms	0	2
A3 - Mild signs or symptoms	1	6
B3 - Moderate signs or symptoms	18	4
C3 - Severe signs or symptoms	12	4
Totals	31	16

**Table B-15: Eligible Metropolitan Areas (EMA) Versus Non-Eligible Metropolitan Areas: Patient Characteristics**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

	New HIV+ Patients				All HIV+ Patients			
	EMA		Non-EMA		EMA		Non-EMA	
Gender*								
Male	16,161	69.3%	8,483	71.3%	72,059	70.0%	37,824	72.0%
Female	7,155	30.7%	3,408	28.7%	30,913	30.0%	14,700	28.0%
Totals	23,316	100.0%	11,891	100.0%	102,972	100.0%	52,524	100.0%
Age*								
Under Age 2	212	0.9%	108	0.9%	285	0.3%	192	0.4%
2 to 4	26	0.1%	7	0.1%	164	0.2%	123	0.2%
5 to 12	62	0.3%	27	0.2%	660	0.6%	254	0.5%
13 to 19	301	1.3%	131	1.1%	778	0.8%	449	0.9%
20 to 24	1,223	5.2%	697	5.9%	3,583	3.5%	2,299	4.4%
25 to 29	2,287	9.8%	1,353	11.4%	8,101	7.9%	5,067	9.6%
30 to 39	8,837	37.9%	4,690	39.4%	37,450	36.4%	20,589	39.2%
40 to 49	7,359	31.6%	3,575	30.1%	36,322	35.3%	16,917	32.2%
50 or older	2,637	11.3%	1,265	10.6%	14,261	13.8%	6,355	12.1%
Unknown or Unreported	372	1.6%	38	0.3%	1,368	1.3%	279	0.5%
Totals	23,316	100.0%	11,891	100.0%	102,972	100.0%	52,524	100.0%
Race/Ethnicity*								
Black (not Hispanic)	11,417	49.0%	5,488	46.2%	49,979	48.5%	22,705	43.2%
White (not Hispanic)	5,280	22.6%	4,635	39.0%	25,634	24.9%	22,749	43.3%
Hispanic	5,543	23.8%	1,504	12.6%	24,376	23.7%	5,930	11.3%
Asian	225	1.0%	37	0.3%	960	0.9%	174	0.3%
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	15	0.1%	22	0.2%	50	0.0%	54	0.1%
Native American/Alaskan Native	84	0.4%	77	0.6%	343	0.3%	370	0.7%
Unknown or Unreported	752	3.2%	128	1.1%	1,630	1.6%	542	1.0%
Totals	23,316	100.0%	11,891	100.0%	102,972	100.0%	52,524	100.0%

\* Clients with missing demographic data are excluded from this table.

**Table B-16: Eligible Metropolitan Areas (EMA) Versus Non-Eligible Metropolitan Areas: Exposure Categories\***

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

Exposure Categories	MALES							
	New HIV+ Patients				Total HIV+ Patients			
	EMA		Non-EMA		EMA		Non-EMA	
Men Who Have Sex With Men	6,410	39.7%	4,019	47.4%	31,606	43.9%	19,468	51.5%
Injection Drug Use	2,411	14.9%	1,181	13.9%	12,342	17.1%	5,380	14.2%
Men Who Have Sex With Men and Inject Drugs	674	4.2%	345	4.1%	3,742	5.2%	1,564	4.1%
Hemophilia or Coagulation Disorder	25	0.2%	29	0.3%	168	0.2%	335	0.9%
Heterosexual Contact	3,610	22.3%	1,911	22.5%	14,851	20.6%	6,875	18.2%
Mother With or At Risk for HIV Infection (Perinatal)	140	0.9%	71	0.8%	582	0.8%	300	0.8%
Receipt of Blood Transfusion/Blood Components/Tissue	72	0.4%	66	0.8%	395	0.5%	354	0.9%
Other Risk, Risk Not Reported, or Risk Unidentified	2,819	17.4%	861	10.1%	8,373	11.6%	3,548	9.4%
Totals	16,161	100.0%	8,483	100.0%	72,059	100.0%	37,824	100.0%

Exposure Categories	FEMALES							
	New HIV+ Patients				Total HIV+ Patients			
	EMA		Non-EMA		EMA		Non-EMA	
Injection Drug Use	1,291	18.0%	462	13.6%	6,737	21.8%	2,480	16.9%
Hemophilia or Coagulation Disorder	32	0.4%	4	0.1%	134	0.4%	25	0.2%
Heterosexual Contact	4,566	63.8%	2,449	71.9%	19,721	63.8%	10,138	69.0%
Mother With or At Risk for HIV Infection (Perinatal)	176	2.5%	86	2.5%	681	2.2%	326	2.2%
Receipt of Blood Transfusion/Blood Components/Tissue	70	1.0%	55	1.6%	352	1.1%	224	1.5%
Other Risk, Risk Not Reported, or Risk Unidentified	1,020	14.3%	352	10.3%	3,288	10.6%	1,507	10.3%
Totals	7,155	100.0%	3,408	100.0%	30,913	100.0%	14,700	100.0%

\* Numbers represent patients for whom exposure information was known and reported by grantees.



**APPENDIX C:**  
**SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS**



**Table C-1: Number of Grantees Reporting Providing Services and Number of Patients Served**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

Services Provided	Total Patients Served	Number of Grantees Directly Providing Service	Grantees Using Title III Funds to Support Service	Percent of All Grantees Providing Service
Counseling and Testing*		233	163	94.0
Pre-test Counseling	417,887			
Post-test Counseling	239,332			
Testing	387,061			
Primary Health Care		248	248	100.0
All Patients	157,803			
New Patients	35,592			
Referrals	43,189	226	n/a	91.1
Outreach*		200	133	80.6
Outreach to Health Professionals	46,142			
Outreach to Individuals	643,973			
Case Management	123,994	237	173	95.6

\* Unduplicated counts are assumed for counseling and testing and for outreach to individuals and health professionals.

**Table C-2: Number and Percent of Grantees Targeting Special Populations\***

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

Targeted Population	Number of Grantees	Percent of All Grantees
Women and children	155	78.3
Injection drug users	154	77.8
Homeless	130	65.7
Adolescents	102	51.5
Gay, lesbian, and bisexual youth	100	50.5
Runaway or street youth	60	30.3
Migrant or seasonal farm workers	51	25.8

\* Grantees may target more than one special population

### Table C-3: Number of Persons Receiving Referral, Outreach, and Case Management and Eligibility Assistance Services

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

<b>Total Unduplicated Number of HIV+ Patients</b>	<b>Number Served</b> 157,803	
<b>Total Unduplicated Number of Referrals</b>	43,189	
<b>Number of Patients Referred To*:</b>		
Entities receiving CARE Act funds under Title I (to cities), Title II (states), or Title IV (to HIV programs for children, youth, and families)	20,458	(47.4% of total number referred)
Any other provider of ambulatory health services	21,557	(49.9% of total number referred)
University-based medical centers, community based organizations, or other programs that offer clinical trials on experimental treatment for HIV disease	4,185	(9.7% of total number referred)
Public or non-profit private primary care facilities conducting clinical research on therapies for pregnant women with HIV disease	294	(.7% of total number referred)
<b>Outreach</b>		
Number of outreach encounters or sessions held with clients or health care professionals	271,110	
Number of individual clients receiving outreach services	643,973	
Number of health care professionals receiving outreach services	46,142	
<b>Case Management and Eligibility Assistance</b>		
Number of HIV+ clients who received case management and eligibility assistance services	98,689	
Number of HIV - or at risk clients who received case management and eligibility assistance services	25,305	

\* For referrals, patients are categorized into the entities to which they were referred. Each patient is counted only once in each category, regardless of how many times they were referred to that type of entity. Patients, however, can be counted in more than one type of category. The sum of the categories will not be equal to the total number of unduplicated referrals, but the number of patients in each category will not exceed this total unduplicated number.

**Table C-4: Summary of Counseling and Testing Services**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

	<b>Number Served</b>
Patients Receiving Pre-Test Counseling	417,887
Number of Individuals Tested for HIV	387,061
Total Individuals with Positive Results	9,392
Seropositivity Rate	2.4%
Number of Individuals with Negative Results	377,669
Number of Individuals Receiving Post-Test Counseling	239,332
Return Rate	61.8%
Number of Individuals with Positive Results Not Returning for Post-Test Counseling	1,800
Number of Contacts Made by Partner Notification Service	2,028

**Table C-5: Specialty Health Care Services Available by Number and Percent of Grantees**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

	<b>Number of Grantees</b>	<b>Percent of All Grantees</b>
<b><u>Specialty Services Available within the EIS Program</u></b>		
Nutritional Counseling	230	92.7
Mental Health Counseling/Treatment/Therapy	218	87.9
Obstetrics/Gynecology	195	78.6
Oral Health Care	189	76.2
Substance Abuse Counseling and Treatment	175	70.6
Dispensing of Pharmaceuticals	167	67.3
Optometry/Ophthalmology	148	59.7
Dermatology	128	51.6
Gastroenterology	120	48.4
Neurology	114	46.0
Physical, Occupational, or Rehabilitation Therapy	90	36.3
<b><u>Specialty Health Care Services Available through Referral to Outside Providers</u></b>		
Substance Abuse Counseling and Treatment	197	79.4
Optometry/Ophthalmology	187	75.4
Mental Health Counseling/Treatment/Therapy	180	72.6
Gastroenterology	177	71.4
Oral Health Care	176	71.0
Dermatology	174	70.2
Neurology	171	69.0
Dispensing of Pharmaceuticals	171	69.0
Physical, Occupational, or Rehabilitation Therapy	162	65.3
Obstetrics/Gynecology	161	64.9
Nutritional Counseling	113	45.6

**Table C-6: Available Support Services by Number and Percent of Grantees**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

	<b>Number of Grantees</b>	<b>Percent of All Grantees</b>
<b><u>Specialty Services Available within the EIS Program</u></b>		
Assistance in Obtaining HIV -Related Medications	243	98.0
Transportation	242	97.6
Housing Assistance	241	97.2
Support Groups	237	95.6
Food Bank/Delivered Meals	235	94.8
Crisis Intervention	232	93.5
Home Health Services	229	92.3
Legal Assistance	222	89.5
Hospice/Respite Care	218	87.9
Translation/Interpreter Services	216	87.1
Nursing Home and Assisted Living Placement	212	85.5
Caregiver Support/Counseling	209	84.3
Spiritual Assistance	206	83.1
Employment/Educational Counseling	203	81.9
Discharge Planning	195	78.6
Homemaker Assistance	176	71.0
Funeral Assistance	173	69.8
Buddy Companion Services	168	67.7
Child Care	157	63.3
Foster Care/Adoption Services	128	51.6

**Table C-7: HIV Testing and Counseling Services by State**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

State	Number of Patients Who Received Pre-Test Counseling	Number of Patients Who Received Pre-Test Counseling and Were Tested for HIV	Percent of Patients Who Received Pre-Test Counseling and Were Tested for HIV	Number of Patients Who Tested Positive	Percent of Patients Who Tested Positive	Number of HIV+ Patients Who Were Tested and Did Not Return for Follow-Up	Percent of HIV+ Patients Who Were Tested and Did Not Return for Follow-Up
Alabama	15,446	15,254	98.8%	254	1.7%	11	4.3%
Alaska	829	829	100.0%	6	0.7%	0	0.0%
Arizona	2,906	2,648	91.1%	132	5.0%	19	14.4%
Arkansas	718	713	99.3%	46	6.5%	0	0.0%
California	73,069	71,150	97.4%	1042	1.5%	150	14.4%
Colorado	944	858	90.9%	13	1.5%	7	53.8%
Connecticut	3,353	3,143	93.7%	35	1.1%	1	2.9%
Delaware	11,475	9,192	80.1%	98	1.1%	27	27.6%
District of Columbia	10,597	9,251	87.3%	939	10.2%	705	75.1%
Florida	23,350	16,890	72.3%	586	3.5%	199	34.0%
Georgia	19,291	18,896	98.0%	391	2.1%	17	4.3%
Hawaii	122	120	98.4%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Idaho	218	218	100.0%	3	1.4%	0	0.0%
Illinois	39,383	36,935	93.8%	955	2.6%	258	27.0%
Indiana	2,610	2,217	84.9%	4	0.2%	0	0.0%
Iowa	4,193	4,193	100.0%	36	0.9%	0	0.0%
Kansa	250	250	100.0%	11	4.4%	0	0.0%
Kentucky	409	409	100.0%	5	1.2%	1	20.0%
Louisiana	11,351	11,351	100.0%	547	4.8%	7	1.3%
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	4,740	2,557	53.9%	90	3.5%	7	7.8%
Massachusetts	10,793	10,418	96.5%	139	1.3%	8	5.8%
Michigan	2,505	2,497	99.7%	128	5.1%	5	3.9%
Minnesota	17	11	64.7%	5	45.5%	0.00	0.0%
Mississippi	882	877	99.4%	12	1.4%	1	8.3%
Missouri	6,293	5,845	92.9%	106	1.8%	14	13.2%
Montana	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nebraska	610	610	100.0%	1	0.2%	1	100.0%
Nevada	28,495	26,218	92.0%	223	0.9%	59	26.5%
New Jersey	6,702	6,484	96.7%	295	4.5%	28	9.5%
New Mexico	3,384	3,384	100.0%	22	0.7%	1	4.5%
New York	53,009	48,081	90.7%	1453	3.0%	181	12.5%
North Carolina	7,102	6,764	95.2%	75	1.1%	4	5.3%
Ohio	7,048	6,081	86.3%	237	3.9%	4	1.7%
Oklahoma	1,710	1,698	99.3%	62	3.7%	7	11.3%
Oregon	2,465	2,465	100.0%	28	1.1%	7	25.0%
Pennsylvania	5,841	5,663	97.0%	177	3.1%	13	7.3%
Puerto Rico	13,476	13,017	96.6%	350	2.7%	8	2.3%
Rhode Island	571	569	99.6%	8	1.4%	1	12.5%
South Carolina	3,410	3,357	98.4%	99	2.9%	5	5.1%
Tennessee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Texas	22,603	20,334	90.0%	493	2.4%	22	4.5%
Utah	659	646	98.0%	31	4.8%	1	3.2%
Vermont	206	201	97.6%	5	2.5%	0	0.0%
Virgin Islands	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	6,890	6,890	100.0%	150	2.2%	17	11.3%
Washington	6,585	6,505	98.8%	81	1.2%	2	2.5%
Wisconsin	1,377	1,372	99.6%	19	1.4%	2	10.5%
Total	417,887	387,061	92.6%	9,392	2.4%	1,800	19.2%



**APPENDIX D:**  
**FISCAL INFORMATION**



## Table D-1: Summary of Funding and Staffing for Title III Grantees

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

### Other Ryan White Programs

Grantees Receiving Title I Funds	109	(44.0% of all Title III grantees)
Approximate Total of Title I Funds Received	\$91,527,773	
Average Amount of Title I Funds Received*	\$847,479	
Grantees Receiving Title II Funds	161	(64.9% of all Title III grantees)
Approximate Total of Title II Funds Received**	\$80,033,619	
Average Amount of Title II Funds Received	\$500,210	
Grantees Receiving Title IV Funds	65	(26.2% of all Title III grantees)
Approximate Total of Title IV Funds Received	\$20,608,170	
Average Amount of Title IV Funds Received	\$317,049	

\* One grantee reported receiving Title I funds, but no amount was given

\*\* One grantee reported receiving Title III funds, but no amount was given

### Pharmaceuticals

Total Title III Funds Used for Pharmaceuticals to HIV+ Patients	\$6,653,520	
Average Title III Funds Used for Pharmaceuticals to HIV+ Patients	\$41,846	
Percentage of All Title III Funds Used for Pharmaceuticals	82	33.1% of Title III grantees
0% to 10%	118	47.6% of Title III grantees
11% to 20%	22	8.9% of Title III grantees
21% to 30%	12	4.8% of Title III grantees
31% to 40%	5	2.0% of Title III grantees
more than 40%	2	.8% of Title III grantees

### Staffing

Number of Paid EIS Full-Time Equivalents	4,686
Number of Volunteer Full-Time Equivalents	289

### Training

Number of Grantees Providing Training to Staff through an AIDS Education and Training Center (AETC) Program	170	(68.5% of all Title III grantees)
Total Title III Funds Used to Provide AETC Training	\$127,605	
Average Title III Funds Used to Provide AETC Training	\$751	

**Table D-2: Costs, Expenditures, and Revenues by Type of EIS Service**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

	Primary Health Care	All Other Services
<b>Total Cost of Service*</b>	\$455,261,269	\$87,875,141
<b>Amount of Title III Funds Expended**</b>	\$103,801,812	\$17,608,663
<b>Amount of Direct Collections from Patients</b>	\$2,648,378	\$101,008
<b>Third-Party Reimbursements</b>	\$76,324,779	\$8,095,808
<b>Other Sources of Income</b>	\$150,185,958	\$64,756,754
<b>Total Funds Available for EIS Service</b>	\$332,960,927	\$90,562,233

\* Grantees report the total cost to the EIS program of providing service category, including personnel, supplies, rent, administration, costs, etc. These amounts are independent of funding source.

\*\* Title III funds expended does not equal the amount of Title III funds received by grantees. Therefore, the Total Funds Available here includes only those Title III funds expended and will not equal the Total Funding Available on Table D-3, which includes the Title III Funds Received.

**Table D-3: State and U.S. Totals for Funding and Staffing**

Source: RWCA Title III EIS Program Data Reports, Reporting Period January 1 to December 31, 2001

State	No. of Grantees	Title III Dollars Received	Direct Collection Dollars	Third-Party Reimbursed Dollars	Other Sources Dollars	Total Funding Avail	Total CARE Funding	Percent Title III of Total CARE Funding	Title I Dollars Received	Title II Dollars Received	Title IV Dollars Received	Paid FTE	Volunteer FTE
Alaska	1	\$265,305	265306	530611	795917	\$1,857,140	\$295,305	89.8%	\$0	\$30,000	\$0	3	0
Alabama	9	\$4,953,553	4953562	9907115	14860677	\$34,674,916	\$5,972,744	82.9%	\$0	\$1,019,191	\$0	100	11
Arkansas	1	\$431,022	431023	862045	1293068	\$3,017,159	\$793,393	54.3%	\$0	\$109,459	\$252,912	6	1
Arizona	3	\$1,882,472	1882475	3764947	5647422	\$13,177,319	\$3,776,332	49.8%	\$713,000	\$710,860	\$470,000	30	1
California	26	\$12,826,547	12826573	25653120	38479693	\$89,785,959	\$44,325,658	28.9%	\$19,130,902	\$10,946,342	\$1,421,867	588.25	28.5
Colorado	2	\$1,006,500	1006502	2013002	3019504	\$7,045,510	\$2,621,587	38.4%	\$1,615,087	\$0	\$0	12	0
Connecticut	5	\$1,961,524	1961529	3923053	5884582	\$13,730,693	\$3,498,021	56.1%	\$1,167,273	\$187,368	\$181,856	47.4	1
District of Columbia	3	\$1,817,557	1817560	3635117	5452677	\$12,722,914	\$8,824,102	20.6%	\$6,265,853	\$740,692	\$0	52	0
Delaware	1	\$630,296	630297	1260593	1890890	\$4,412,077	\$2,415,602	26.1%	\$0	\$1,535,306	\$250,000	40	1
Florida	14	\$5,404,570	5404584	10809154	16213738	\$37,832,060	\$39,277,288	13.8%	\$10,597,222	\$19,861,571	\$3,413,925	203.47	5
Georgia	11	\$6,009,993	6010004	12019997	18030001	\$42,070,006	\$10,766,056	55.8%	\$310,270	\$4,203,197	\$242,596	166	3
Hawaii	1	\$250,000	250001	500001	750002	\$1,750,005	\$313,799	79.7%	\$0	\$63,799	\$0	4	0
Iowa	4	\$1,377,199	1377203	2754402	4131605	\$9,640,413	\$1,430,790	96.3%	\$0	\$53,591	\$0	15	0
Idaho	1	\$458,644	458645	917289	1375934	\$3,210,513	\$490,998	93.4%	\$0	\$32,354	\$0	10	0
Illinois	11	\$5,147,535	5147546	10295081	15442627	\$36,032,800	\$14,595,035	35.3%	\$5,921,271	\$1,337,415	\$2,188,814	232.6	10
Indiana	1	\$601,417	601418	1202835	1804253	\$4,209,924	\$1,039,238	57.9%	\$0	\$437,821	\$0	12	0
Kansas	1	\$834,584	834585	1669169	2503754	\$5,842,093	\$874,584	95.4%	\$0	\$40,000	\$0	4	0
Kentucky	2	\$1,045,271	1045273	2090544	3135817	\$7,316,907	\$3,884,256	26.9%	\$0	\$2,819,054	\$19,931	22	1
Louisiana	4	\$1,451,814	1451818	2903632	4355450	\$10,162,718	\$13,427,569	10.8%	\$3,290,696	\$7,080,107	\$1,604,952	172	11
Massachusetts	11	\$5,360,812	5360823	10721635	16082458	\$37,525,739	\$8,270,813	64.8%	\$842,743	\$736,685	\$1,330,573	117	7
Maryland	3	\$1,288,975	1288978	2577953	3866931	\$9,022,840	\$6,839,409	18.8%	\$4,143,218	\$1,407,216	\$0	214	3
Maine	1	\$381,097	381098	762195	1143293	\$2,667,684	\$381,097	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	5	0
Michigan	4	\$2,455,997	2456001	4911998	7367999	\$17,191,999	\$3,299,945	74.4%	\$261,660	\$293,338	\$288,950	109	2
Minnesota	1	\$409,206	409207	818413	1227620	\$2,864,447	\$854,859	47.9%	\$410,653	\$35,000	\$0	30	0
Missouri	3	\$2,015,653	2015656	4031309	6046965	\$14,109,586	\$3,693,702	54.6%	\$909,500	\$451,052	\$317,497	39.8	49
Mississippi	3	\$1,278,520	1278523	2557043	3835566	\$8,949,655	\$1,528,520	83.6%	\$0	\$0	\$250,000	20	0
Montana	1	\$304,257	304258	608515	912773	\$2,129,804	\$304,257	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	0	0
North Carolina	9	\$3,525,735	3525744	7051479	10577223	\$24,680,190	\$7,410,088	47.6%	\$0	\$2,119,570	\$1,764,783	55.9	1.2
Nebraska	2	\$609,071	609073	1218144	1827217	\$4,263,507	\$1,829,742	33.3%	\$0	\$1,220,671	\$0	8	2
New Jersey	8	\$4,545,964	4545972	9091936	13637908	\$31,821,788	\$9,764,252	46.6%	\$4,092,538	\$824,800	\$300,950	205.1	2.4
New Mexico	3	\$1,424,177	1424180	2848357	4272537	\$9,969,254	\$1,974,445	72.1%	\$0	\$466,000	\$84,268	62.5	10
Nevada	2	\$1,241,339	1241341	2482680	3724021	\$8,689,383	\$7,476,751	16.6%	\$402,629	\$5,671,350	\$161,433	40	0
New York	37	\$19,751,899	19751936	39503835	59255771	\$138,263,478	\$37,310,790	52.9%	\$9,997,925	\$4,530,638	\$3,030,328	949.3	29
Ohio	5	\$2,118,932	2118937	4237869	6356806	\$14,832,549	\$3,462,041	61.2%	\$209,124	\$587,985	\$546,000	60	12
Oklahoma	2	\$1,403,411	1403413	2806824	4210237	\$9,823,887	\$1,508,991	93.0%	\$0	\$105,580	\$0	18	0
Oregon	1	\$772,188	772189	1544377	2316566	\$5,405,321	\$772,188	100.0%				205	0
Pennsylvania	12	\$6,109,473	6109485	12218958	18328443	\$42,766,371	\$9,772,524	62.5%	\$1,817,059	\$1,111,161	\$734,831	136.2	11.3
Puerto Rico	9	\$6,100,601	6100610	12201211	18301821	\$42,704,252	\$12,253,415	49.8%	\$3,308,247	\$2,437,627	\$406,940	233	0
Rhode Island	1	\$597,895	597896	1195791	1793687	\$4,185,270	\$597,895	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	18	0
South Carolina	5	\$2,223,825	2223830	4447655	6671485	\$15,566,800	\$2,821,614	78.8%	\$0	\$584,531	\$13,258	44	6
Tennessee	2	\$668,129	668131	1336260	2004391	\$4,676,913	\$1,336,775	50.0%	\$0	\$330,224	\$338,422	11	0
Texas	9	\$5,388,002	5388011	10776013	16164024	\$37,716,059	\$22,276,424	24.2%	\$13,023,643	\$3,217,927	\$646,852	220	80
Utah	1	\$773,234	773235	1546469	2319704	\$5,412,643	\$1,128,071	68.5%	\$0	\$354,837	\$0	10	0
Virginia	4	\$1,574,686	1574690	3149376	4724066	\$11,022,822	\$4,292,331	36.7%	\$2,123,393	\$288,765	\$305,487	66	0
Virgin Islands	1	\$250,000	250001	500001	750002	\$1,750,005	\$250,000	100.0%	\$0	\$0	\$0	3	0
Vermont	1	\$467,705	467706	935411	1403117	\$3,273,940	\$508,345	92.0%	\$0	\$40,640	\$0	8	0
Washington	3	\$1,067,466	1067469	2134935	3202404	\$7,472,277	\$2,046,333	52.2%	\$973,867	\$5,000	\$0	61	0
Wisconsin	3	\$1,308,409	1308412	2616821	3925233	\$9,158,878	\$3,354,049	39.0%	\$0	\$2,004,895	\$40,745	17	1
US Total	248	\$123,772,461	\$123,772,709	\$247,545,170	\$371,317,879	\$866,408,467	\$315,942,023	39.2%	\$91,527,773	\$80,033,619	\$20,608,170	4,686	289
% of Total	100.0%	14.3%	14.3%	28.6%	42.9%	100.0%							



**APPENDIX E:**  
**MISSING DATA**





**The following grantees were required but did not submit program data for calendar year 2001:**

Economic Opportunity of Florida Health Center, Miami, FL  
Frederiksted Health Care, Inc., St. Croix, VI  
GLH Magnolia Medical Clinic, Greenwood, MS  
Memphis Health Center, Inc., Rossville, TN